DALY CITY RECORD

Companion Publication with the SAN MATEO INDEX of the City of San Mateo

BY J. L. BROWN | DALY CITY, (VISTA GRANDE P. O.) SAN MATEO CO., CAL., FRIDAY, APRIL 18, 1913 | VOL. 5, NO. 3

SAN MATEO CO. SUPERVISORS

All the Supervisors were present at the special meeting held last Monday, which convened to canvass the vote cast at the bond election April 8th and to dispose of such other urgent matters that might come up.

The official canvass of the ballots cast at the bond election showed the result in the county to be 4141 votes for and 1047 against the measure, giving a handsome majority for the bonds. The semi-official returns varied a little from the official count, as a slight error was discovered and corrected in the returns from a Redwood City precinct.

A resolution was adopted fixing July 1 as the time for offering the bonds for sale, and the preliminary steps towards that end will be taken at the meeting to be held May 5th.

It is contemplated to sell only enough bonds this year to keep road construction work going from July to December.

An affidavit of publication for sale of the poor farm was received and filed when Judge Fitzpatrick informed the Board that he was going to bid $20,000 for the property and that would be the only offer and the limit.

It was moved by Casey, seconded by Francis, to indorse the action taken by the Board in accepting the affidavit of publication.

Casey stated that he felt that if it was for the interests of the county to sell the poor farm he would be in favor of it, but he was positively opposed to selling the property unless a sufficient price could be secured to enable the county to provide a suitable hospital or better the conditions of the farm. He was absolutely opposed to selling the property for $20,000.

Supervisor Francis voiced these sentiments and Superyisor Brown stated that he was opposed to letting it go for $20,000.

At this stage of the proceedings the Board repaired to the front door of the court house where the only offer was made, that of Judge Fitzpatrick, for $20,000. The bid was received and action will be taken at the meeting next Monday.

On motion to rescind the action by the Board in this matter, Casey and Francis voted aye, MacBain and Brown no and Blackburn declined to vote.

[After the close of the session Supervisor Blackburn stated personally to the writer that he was positively opposed to selling the farm for less than $30,000.]

A petition was received from San Bruno residents in reference to opening crossings at Sylvian avenue and Scott street.

A communication was received from the Railroad Commission bearing on the subject statiug that that body could not order the work done without an easement from the railroad company, over whose racks the proposed crossings would be opened.

A statement was made by District Attorney Swart saying the only way to get the crossings was by condemnation proceedings.

Casey spoke in support of the proposition by saying there was only one crossing there and it was a dangerous one. The matter was referred to the District Attorney, who said they were having the same trouble in Palo Alto and the railroad company was fighting that.

A communication was received from the Italian Cemetery Association asking the assistance of the supervisors in their efforts to obtain a telephone in their office at the cemetery. They had tried to get this service but their pleadings had been disregarded by the telephone company. It was ordered that the Clerk send a copy of the letter to company with a request to comply, as all the other cemeteries had phones installed and there should be no exception made in this regard.

The session was a short one as an early adjournment was taken to enable the members to meet in San Francisco in the afternoon with the County Highway Commissioners to talk over matters concerning the bond issue and proposed road work.

The next meeting will be held Monday April 21, to which time an adjournment was taken.

The Southern Pacific is making plans for an immediate commencement of work on a new electric line between San Mateo and San Jose that will afford through electric car service between San Francisco and San Jose. Work will be started within sixty days.

School Trustees Elected

Following are the results of the school elections held in the various districts of San Mateo county last Friday:

Alpine, tie vote.
Belmont, Jules Guerra.
Belmont, C. E. Haydock.
Bell, Jules Guerra.
Burlingame, Harry Pinkham.
Greersburg, Joseph Hallett.
Hillsborough, R. L. Coleman.
Half Moon Bay, Jos. Rue.
Higgins, returns not in.
Jefferson, Edw. R. Poor.
Laguna, M. V. Santos.
Las Lomitas, Frank W. Johnson.
Menlo Park, Jas. G. Mason.
Millbrae, L. R. Lauer.
Miramar, Ira Mosher.
Montara, Herman Amsler.
Pescadero, V. Mattei.
Pigeon Point, Geo. H. Steele.
Pilarcitos, F. Canadas.
Pomponio, Andrew C. Roy.
Portola, returns not in.
Purissima, F. F. Sarcander.
Ravenswood, M. F. X. Kavanaugh.
Redwood City, J. V. Swift.
San Goegorio, Jos. Limacher.
San Mateo, W. J. Eva.
San Pedro, J. J. Fahey.
Seaside, T. E. Roe.
South San Francisco, E. N Brown.
Sunnyside, Henry W. Beecher and E. H. Broadwell.
Tobin, Amory G. Rich.
Tunnis, A. Schnutenhaus.
West Union, Mrs. Aileen J. Finkler.
Wurr, F. L. Blomquist.
Half Moon Bay High, Geo. V. Azedo and C. M. Johnson.
San Mateo High, C. N. Kirkbride and J. C. Robb.
Sequoia High, L. P. Behrens and W. A. Emmett.

Dr. Chas. L. Morgan

Dr. C. L. Morgan of Half Moon Bay fulfilled a good mission for the people in the campaign for good roads. He went into the the field and he worked. His quiet, convincing addresses carried weight and won many votes. In view of the unique method which has been decided upon for showing our county to the World in 1915, Dr. Morgan, being one of San Mateo county's World's Fair Commissioner's, felt the imperative necessity of the success of this measure. Without proper roads this plan would fall far short of its accomplishment.

To San Mateo county alone is this unprecedented method of exhibition a practical possibility, and the man who conceived this idea was wise. We should realize with some pardonable pride that our territory can bear this unrestricted scrutiny. Exhibits aim always to show the best, the undesirable being withheld. We are willing that the world should see every square mile of our territory.

Dr. Morgan is taking a timely forecast of the future, that the most effective measures may be adopted whereby the natural resources of our county may be made known and the possibilities of its future comprehended.

Chas. M. Johnson

A capable representative of the people, a man ambitious for the best in our schools and a willing worker for that attainment will be found in Mr. C. M. Johnson of Farallone, the newly elected high school trustee. Mr. Johnson is himself an educator, being a graduate of the State University of Nebraska and a teacher during his early years on the Pacific Coast. He will keep abreast of the advancement in scholistic lines and will make the proficiency of the high school work a careful study.

Mr. Johnson was very late in entering the field. His campaign was just two days old when he received a neat majority in the recent election.

Great Kelp Fields

Huge fields of kelp are found in Alaska, Puget Sound, and along the coast of Central and Southern California. All varieties of kelp have been analyzed. Puget Sound was surveyed. and it contains at least 200,000 tons of rich kelp. Near Monterey the estimate is between 80,000 and 100,000 tons. From Point Sur to Magdalena Bay 85 square miles of kelp-bearing water has been surveyed, of which 20 square miles are of very heavy growth. The wealth here may be greater than that of the gold mines of California, and is only awaiting capital to develop, haul ashore, dry in the sunshine and extract the number of different salts and chemicals.

ON GUARD

Splendid Work Accomplished by the San Mateo County Delegation Appointed Monday by the Board of Supervisors to Visit Sacramento.

The Board of Supervisors in regular session last Monday were advised by Assemblyman Henry Ward Brown that the Senate bill for the annexation or consolidation of San Mateo county with San Francisco would be considered by the committee on constitutional amendments Tuesday afternoon, and requested that a delegation be sent to represent the interests of San Mateo county.

A copy of the bill, that has already passed the Senate, was read and found to be so one-sided that it was actually iniquitous, and the supervisors readily complied with Assemblyman Brown's request, designating those of the supervisors who could attend and a dozen citizens, of whom the following were in attendance: District Attorney Franklin Swart, M. B. Johnson, Supervisor James T. Casey, R. F. Chilcott, C. M. MORSE, L. E. Fuller, A. D. Walsh, J. F. Johnston, Supervisor Wm. H. Brown, Recorder H. O. Heiner, S. D. Merk and J. L. Brown.

When this delegation appeared before the committee they were nicely received and each given an opportunity to express themselves, which they all did in no unmistakeable terms in favoring a complete revision of the bill that had been sneaked through the Senate, except Morse, and he was even willing that majority vote would be good to settle the question that is of such vast importance to San Mateo county. Of course the Index does not wish to imply dishonesty—just ignorance.

Senator Finn of San Francisco was present and stated that the bill had been proposed by the chamber of commerce and that he was not at liberty to make any concessions, although it was pointed out that San Mateo county would be absolutely at the mercy of San Francisco in case the bill became a law, so that all or any portion of the county might be gobbled up at the pleasure of San Francisco, regardless of the interests of San Mateo county.

Assemblyman Brown made an excellent plea for his county, showing the infamous possibilities and injustice of the measure, saying that he had not even been shown the courtesy of being informed of the existence of the bill until it had actually been passed by the Senate. Like the entire delegation whom he had invited to assist him (with the one single pin-headed exception, Morse,) he declared that the annexation must include the entire county or none, and that the vote upon the acceptance of the freeholders' charter must be two-thirds of the vote cast.

Finally, Senator Finn agreed that a conference be held for the purpose of changing the bill so that it will be acceptable to San Mateo county. District Attorney Swart therefore remained to assist Assemblyman Brown in behalf of San Mateo county, and C. N. Kirkbride was expected from San Mateo. San Francisco was to be represented by Senator Finn and A. H. Mason.

The delegation, while before the committee, was asked for an expression of opinion on the proposed amendment to require municipalities to pay taxes on property that they own in other counties. This law will apply to the Spring Valley Water Company properties, should they be purchased by the City of San Francisco. These properties are now a source of about one-third the revenue of San Mateo county, and of course the delegation favored the new law.

Helped Carry Bonds

One of the very busiest men in the world was Mr. C. M. Johnson, and the speediest car on the road was his Carter car the day the bonds carried. He was out at break of day. On his first round he had the distinction of conveying one of the oldest voters in the county in point of years, Mr. J. Y. Smith of Moss Beach, who has been voting for 71 years. Mr. Smith viewed it as one of the most important questions he ever cast a vote for.

Throughout the day Mr. Johnson made many trips to Moss Beach, Marine and Farallone, carrying old voters and many of the newly enfranchised, who displayed much enthusiasm in the exercise of their new privilege.

Mr. Ernest Jakobs of Farallone carried the Montara voters and Mr. J. A. Flink of Farallone and Mr. J. C. Morton of Marine View rendered valuable service in securing a full representation at the polls.

Effect of Good Roads

It is reported on good reliable sources that the Alvin S. Hatch Lumber Company will reopen its sawmills, a few miles to the south of Half Moon Bay, within a few weeks. Mr. Hatch expects a big business during the next two years and as he is a wide-awake business man he is going to have lumber on hand to supply all comers instead of being caught sleeping. We would be very fortunate if the Coast Side had a few more enterprising citizens like Hatch.

Articles on the Free List include Flour and Lumber

Articles on the free list of the new democratic tariff bill introduced in congress are:

Raw wool, sugar (in 1916,) flour, bread, boots, shoes, lumber, leather, coal, iron ore, milk, potatoes.

Salt, swine, corn, wood pulp, agricultural implements, bibles, typewriters, steel rails, sewing machines, typesetting machines, cash registers, fence wire, nails, hoop iron, band iron, fish, sulphur, soda, borax, clapboards, meats, printing paper not worth more than 2½ cents a pound.

Prominent Hotel Man Dead

The death of Geo. Heisenbuttel, proprietor of the Union Hotel in San Mateo, was a great shock to everyone. He had been attending to his duties during the morning in apparent good health, and then retired to his room for a rest, to be called at eleven o'clock, and at that hour he was found dead, the result of heart failure.

The deceased leaves a wife and one daughter besides a great many friends to mourn his untimely death. He was a faithful member of the Moose and of the Eagles, and those orders conducted the funeral Monday at 2 o'clock and the remains were laid to rest in Cypress Lawn, via funeral car.

☞ Our job department is absolutely first-class and completed in every detail. Therefore this is the real place and the real time to get down-to-date printing with speed and reasonable prices.

Commercial printing.
Letter Heads.
Billheads and Statements.
Envelopes.
Cards.
Wedding Cabinets.
Legal Blanks.
Briefs and Transfers.
Quality printing always.

The Railroad Commission has rendered a decision suspending for the present a determination upon the applcation of the Ocean Shore Railroad company to issue bonds in the amount of $700,000 and to pledge them as collateral security for a loan of $250,000.

☞ DON'T MONKEY with the cheap printer. It costs you more in the long run. Pay us a fair price for good work and get satisfaction.

The State Highway Commission has advertised for bids for the construction of that portion of the road between Oak Grove avenue and Bellevue boulevard in Burlingame. April 21 is the date set for the opening ofthe bids.

☞ The honest way to discontinue a subscription to a newspaper is to first pay the small amount you owe. Thus you will retain the respect of the editor and guard your own peace of mind. To do otherwise, such as ordering the postmaster to notify the publisher that the paper is "refused" is cowardly. *

Medal For Roads Composition

A gold medal to the school boy or girl between the ages of 10 and 15 who writes the best composition, not to exceed 800 words, on the repair and maintainance of earth roads, is to be awarded by Logan Waller Page, Director, Office of Public Roads, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C. All compositions must be submitted to Mr. Page before May 15, 1913, and the medal will be awarded as soon thereafter as the compositions can be graded. The composition may be based on knowledge gained from books or other sources, but no quotations should be made. Contestants should also mention this paper.

After many years' experience in dealing with the public road system of the country, it is Mr. Page's belief that ignorance on the subject of repair and maintenance of roads is as much the cause of their bad condition as any other one factor. It is expected that the competition will bring about a better understanding of the subject of repair and maintenance in the rural districts.

Many children living in the rural districts have experienced the disadvantages of roads made impassable through a lack of proper maintenance and it is expected that their interest in the competition will stimulate greater interest among the parents. Bad roads have prevented many children from obtaining a proper education and have even prevented doctors from reaching the side of rural patients in time to save their lives.

Any child between the ages mentioned, attending a country school, may compete. Only one side of the paper must be written on; each page should be numbered, the name, age and address of the writer, and the name and location of the school which he or she is attending must be plainly written at the top of the first page. The announcement of the competition has been sent to the superintendents of schools in the rural districts. No further information can be obtained from the Office of Public Roads. This announcement should be plain to every one, and all children will thus start on a basis of equality.

Rich-Siegel Nuptails.---Wedding

After a long intermission the mellow tones of the wedding march were heard again at Montara, when on Friday, April 4, at high noon, Mr. Claude B. Rich of Moss Beach and Miss Hertha M. Siegel of Montara, pledged their troth in the parlors of the Montara Hotel.

The hotel had been beautifully decorated for the glad occasion. Golden and white flowers were artistically entertwined among evergreens, and in the center of the bay window canopy above the heads of the bridal party was suspended a large wedding bell of evergreens and California poppies.

As the last strains of Lohengrin,s Bridal Song, to which the bridal party had marched into the parlor died away, Rev. W. A. Mittman began to read the beautiful and impressive marriage service of the Evangelical church. In a clear voice the bride and groom replied to the vows of fidelity and love, after which they were pronounced husband and wife.

The bride was handsomely attired in a beautiful gown of white hand-embroideried marquesitte. Her veil of tulle was becomingly held in place by lillies of the valley. A large shower boquet of the same dainty flowers completed her costume.

The bridal party was attended by Mr. Francis Kine of Moss Beach, who was best man, and Miss Dora Rich, the bridesmaid. Miss Rich was daintily dressed in white and pink and carried a large boquet of pink roses.

After the congratulations to the happy pair, the thirty-one guests adjourned to the dining room, which was decorated in pink and white,. and with a large and beautiful hanging center boquet of ladies' slippers and fleour de lis. The sumptious wedding dinner which awaited the guests here had been prepared under the supervision of the grandmother of the bride, Mrs. Hertha Semler, and was thoroughly enjoyed by all.

Amid showers of rice and good wishes the bridal pair departed immediately after the dinner for an extended honeymoon trip. On their return they will be at home to their many friends in their cozy and pretty cottage at Moss Beach.

All parties wishing to address the Sheriff's office should sign their letters or no attention will be paid to their communications. All letters received at this office are held as strictly confidential.

COAST SIDE OF SAN MATEO CO.

J. L. Debenedetti of San Mateo visited his parents at Halfmoon Bay Wednesday.

Will Debenedetti has returned to Half Moon Bay after a week's visit to Merced.

C. M. Johnson of Farallone City and George Azevedo of Half Moon, were the victorious candidates for high school trustees a week ago today.

The San Mateo Produce Company expects to have its vegetable cannery open for business within a month. The machinery arrived last week.

The health officer of San Mateo county, during the month of March, issued 3478 removal or disinterment, and issued 720 burial permits, for which he collected $9415.

Dr. E. Schneller, of the Rockaway Beach Hotel and Amusement Co. has a large force of carpenters at work on the 100-room hotel which is being built at Rockaway Beach.

From two to four carloads of artichokes daily leave the Coast Side of San Mateo county for eastern markets. A like number for San Francisco and other Pacific Coast cities.

Joe Rue, the popular blacksmith, was re-elected grammar school trustee of Half Moon Bay district at the school election held recently by a vote of 82 majority over his opponent.

The report is again going the rounds that the Pacific States Telephone and Telegraph Company will commence the erection of its proposed phone system in this section some time this month.

John A. Flink of Farallone; John E. Healy and Alex Bonzagni of Princeton; J. V. Azavedo of Half Moon Bay; D. Damascus of Granada and John Clarke of Miramar have applied to the Board of Supervisors for saloon licenses.

Frank Romo, president of the Rockaway Beach Realty Company, will build a beautiful cottage at Rockaway Beach during the next 30 days. Mr. Romo says that work on six other cottages will be commenced within the next two months

Mrs. T. J. Knutzen and children who have been residing in San Mateo for the past year, have returned to Marine View where she will spend the summer months. Mr. Knutzen will come over Sunday. He is engaged in the butcher business at San Mateo at present.

The new Boulevard to be built by San Mateo county rans through the following Coast Side towns: Salada Beach, Brighton, Vallemar, Rockaway Beach, Tobin, Montara, Farralone City, Moss Beach, Marine View, Riviera, Princeton, Granada, Miramar, Half Moon Bay, Purissima, Pescadero, etc.

Two hundred members of the Oakland Moose club spent Sunday at Rockaway Beach and during their stay at this delightful town they ate one of the famous Italian dinners prepared by the Mori Hotel, and in the afternoon danced in the ball room. They had such a good time that they intend to return for another outing soon.

Herman Amsler, the newly elected Grammar School Trustee is a man of considerable business ability and will, without a doubt fill this new position with credit to himself and friends. Mr. G. W. Watters the retiring trustee is a young man with a large circle of friends and acquaintances and filled the office of clerk in a very proficient manner. Mr. Watters is the assistant lighthouse keeper at Point Montara.

P. F. Grainger of Half Moon Bay appealed to the police of San Francisco Monday night to find his 17-year old daughter, Edith Grainger, who disappeared from her home Sunday. According to Grainger, his daughter was seen Monday morning at Twentieth and Mission streets, talking to Ernest Spelger, who works at 545 Van Ness avenue. Mr. Grainger said his wife was almost prostrated over the absence of the girl. It was afterwards learned that a marriage license had been issued in San Francisco to Spelger and Miss Grainger.

Matthew Callan of Colma, who gives his occupation as a merchant and is known as the "King of the Hog Ranchers," saloon owner and politician of San Mateo county, endured three hours in the county jail in Redwood City Thursday. Then he paid a fine of $200 to keep from spending ninety days in jail for violating an ordinance regulating hog ranches.

VIRENO
Wine Vaults

A. VIRENO, Proprietor
M. VERNENGO. Mgr.

6156 MISSION ST. DALY CITY, CAL.

PHONE MISSION 2750

Wholesale and Retail

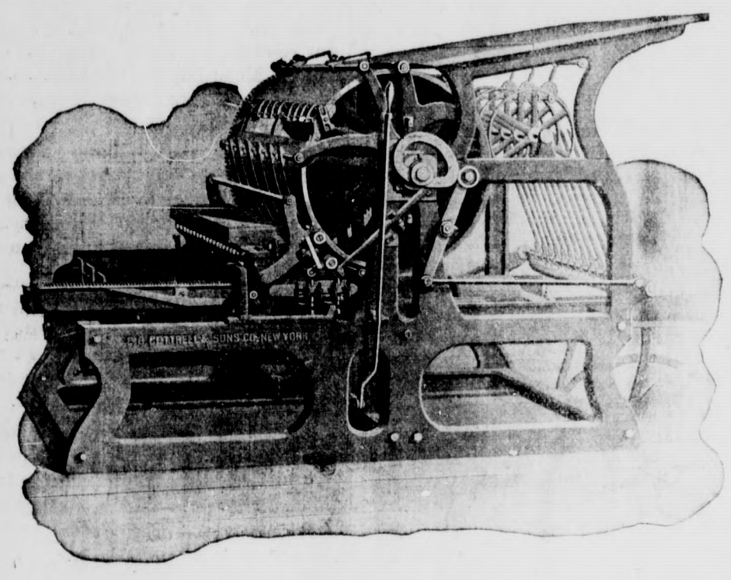
WINE
And Liquor Store

Domestic and Imported Wine
IMPORTED OLIVE OIL

First-Class Bar---Hot Lunch All Day

Table Claret 35c up
Home Made Wine, (Cant be beat), **45c up.**

ORDERS CALLED FOR AND DELIVERED



Daly City Record
AND
San Mateo Index

Goes Directly Into the Hands of Those Whom You Wish Most to Reach

Reasonable Prices **Good Workmanship**

OCEAN SHORE
RAILROAD

OFFICIAL TIME SCHEDULE

Became Effective Sunday, Dec. 15, 1912

7	5	3	1			2	4	6	8	10
a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	a.m.	Miles		a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.
8:10	5:35	10:00	8:10	0.0	SAN FRANCISCO	7:30	2:30	4:15	5:00	8:40
8:25	5:50	10:15	8:30	2.5	Shops	7:15	2:12	4:00	5:45	8:25
*8:34	*5:59	*10:24	8:39	5.4	Onondaga	*7:07	*1:57	*3:50	*4:36	*8:17
*8:38	*6:03	*10:28	*8:44	7.1	Palmetto	*7:03	*1:52	*3:46	*4:32	*8:13
*8:39	*6:04	*10:29	*8:49	7.6	DALY CITY	*7:02	*1:49	*3:44	*4:30	*8:12
*8:47	*6:12	*10:37	*9:03	9.9	Thornton	*6:54	*1:40	*3:38	*4:23	*8:04
*8:54	*6:19	*10:44	*9:09	11.9	Mussel Rock	*6:46	*1:30	*3:33	*4:17	*7:56
*8:57	*6:22	*10:47	*9:13	13.1	Edgemar	*6:42	*1:24	*3:29	*4:13	*7:52
9:01	6:26	10:51	9:20	14.3	SALADA	6:39	1:19	3:26	4:10	7:49
*9:03	*6:28	*10:53	*9:24	14.8	Brighton	*6:35	*1:13	*3:23	*4:08	*7:45
*9:06	*6:31	*10:56	*9:28	16.0	Vallemar	*6:32	*1:08	*3:19	*4:04	*7:42
9:07	6:32	10:57	9:50	16.6	Rockaway	6:31	1:05	3:18	4:03	7:41
9:12	6:37	11:02	10:05	18.1	TOBIN	6:25	12:45	3:13	3:58	7:35
*9:15	*6:40	*11:05	*10:08	18.9	Ransome	*6:21	*12:40	*3:08	*3:53	*7:31
*9:24	*6:49	*11:14	*10:18	21.1	Green Canon	*6:12	*12:32	*2:58	*3:43	*7:22
*9:27	*6:52	*11:17	*10:30	22.8	Montara	*6:07	*12:27	*2:51	*3:34	*7:17
9:28	6:53	11:18	10:35	23.0	FARALLON	6:06	12:26	2:50	3:32	7:16
9:32	6:57	11:22	10:38	24.1	MOSS BEACH	6:03	12:21	2:47	3:27	7:13
*9:33	*6:58	*11:23	*10:39	24.4	Marine	*6:02	*12:19	*2:43	*3:25	*7:12
*9:37	*7:02	*11:27	*10:43	26.0	Princeton	*5:58	*12:16	*2:40	*3:22	*7:08
*9:38	*7:03	*11:28	*10:44	26.5	North Granada	*5:56	*12:15	*2:38	*3:21	*7:06
9:40	7:05	11:30	10:45	27.1	Granada	5:55	12:13	2:36	3:19	7:05
*9:42	*7:07	*11:32	*10:55	27.6	SOUTH GRANADA	*5:54	*12:10	*2:35	*3:17	*7:04
*9:43	*7:09	*11:33	*10:58	28.1	Miramar	*5:52	*12:08	*2:33	*3:15	*7:02
9:50	7:16	11:40	11:14	30.2	HALF MOON	5:47	12:00	2:28	3:10	6:57
*10:05	7:20	11:55	11:20	30.8	Arleta	5:45	11:55	*2:25	*3:05	6:55
*10:10	.....	*12:00	.....	32.6	Fairhaven	.....	*11:21	*2:20	*3:01	.....
*10:15	.....	*12:05	.....	34.3	Purisima	.....	*11:15	*2:15	*2:56	.....
*10:17	.....	*12:07	.....	34.8	Sealrox	.....	*11:12	*2:09	*2:55	.....
*10:23	.....	*12:13	.....	36.1	Lobitos	.....	*11:07	*2:06	*2:52	.....
10:30	.....	12:20	.....	38.0	TUNITAS	.....	11:00	2:00	2:40	.....
a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.			a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.

* Trains stop on signals and to leave passengers.
At Tunitas, stages connect for San Gregorio, La Honda, Ballevale, Pescadero and Pebble Beach
Trains No's 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 are Daily.
Trains No's 7, 8 and 10, Sundays Only.

Gems In Verse

OLD FAVORITES.

DEATH AND THE HERO.

COME to the bridal chamber, Death!
Come to the mother's when she feels,
For the first time her firstborn's breath;
Come when the blessed seals
That close the pestilence are broke
And crowded cities wail its stroke;
Come in consumption's ghastly form,
The earthquake's shock, the ocean storm;
Come when the heart beats high and warm
With banquet song and dance and wine.
And thou art terrible. The tear,
The groan, the knell, the pall, the bier
And all we know or dream or fear
Of agony are thine.
But to the hero when his sword
Has won the battle for the free
Thy voice sounds like a prophet's word,
And in its hollow tones are heard
The thanks of millions yet to be.
—Fitz-Greene Halleck.

THE FORTUNATE ISLES.

YOU sail and you seek for the Fortunate isles,
The old Greek isles of the yellow bird's song?
Then steer straight on through the watery miles,
Straight on, straight on and you can't go wrong.
Nay, not to the left, nay, not to the right,
But on, straight on, and the isles are in sight,
The Fortunate isles, where the yellow birds sing
And life lies girt with a golden ring.

These Fortunate isles they are not so far;
They lie within reach of the lowliest door.
You can see them gleam by the twilight star;
You can hear them sing by the moon's white shore.
Nay, never look back! Those leveled gravestones
They were landing steps; they were steps unto thrones
Of glory for souls that have sailed before
And have set white feet on the fortunate shore.

And what are the names of the Fortunate isles?
Why, Duty and Love and a large Content.
Lo, these are the isles of the watery miles
That God let down from the firmament!
Lo, Duty and Love and a true man's Trust,
Your forehead to God though your feet in the dust!
Lo, Duty and Love and a sweet babe's smiles
And these, O friend, are the Fortunate isles!
—Joaquin Miller (Died Feb. 17, 1913).

FREEDOM.

THEY are slaves who fear to speak
For the fallen and the weak;
They are slaves who will not choose
Hatred, scoffing and abuse.

Rather than in silence shrink
From the truth they needs must think
They are slaves who dare not be
In the right with two or three.
—James Russell Lowell.

"THE INQUIRY."

TELL me, ye winged winds
That round my pathway roar,
Do ye not know the spot
Where mortals weep no more,
Some lone and pleasant dell,
Some valley in the west,
Where, free from toil and pain,
The weary soul may rest?
The loud wind dwindled to a whisper low
And sighed for pity as it answered, "No."

Tell me, thou mighty deep,
Whose billows round me play,
Know'st thou some favored spot,
Some island far away,
Where weary man may find
The bliss for which he sighs,
Where sorrow never lives
And friendship never dies?
The loud waves, rolling in perpetual flow,
Stopped for awhile and sighed to answer, "No."

And thou, serenest moon,
That with such lovely face
Dost look upon the earth
Asleep in night's embrace,
Tell me in all thy round
Hast thou not seen some spot
Where miserable men
Might find a happier lot?
Behind a cloud the moon withdrew in woe,
And a voice sweet, but sad, responded, "No."

Tell me, my secret soul,
Oh, tell me, hope and faith,
Is there no resting place
From sorrow, sin and death?
Is there no happy spot
Where mortals may be blessed,
Where grief may find a balm
And weariness a rest?
Faith, hope and love, best boons to mortals given,
Waved their bright wings and whispered, "Yes—in heaven."
—Charles Mackay.

WHY PHYLLIS SMILES.

SHE smiles and laughs the livelong day.
Pray do not think her simple,
She'll laugh at anything you say
Because she has a dimple.
—Edward Carroll.

THE RING OF WORDS.

BRIGHT is the ring of words
When the right man rings them,
Fair the fall of songs
When the singer sings them.
Still they are caroled and said,
On wings they are carried,
After the singer is dead
And the maker buried.

LOW as the singer lies
In the field of heather,
Songs of his fashion bring
The swains together.
And when the west is red
With the sunset embers
The lover lingers and sings,
And the maid remembers.
—Robert Louis Stevenson.

THE LOVER'S LAST WISH.

SINCE all that I can ever do for thee
Is to do nothing, this my prayer must be—
That thou mayst never guess nor ever see
The all endured this nothing done costs me.
—Bulwer Lytton.

HINTS FOR THE BUSY HOUSEWIFE

New Percolator For Use In Ordinary Coffeepots.

A new way to percolate coffee has been discovered by a New York man. The device is quite simple, comprising a goose neck standard of aluminium, a circular stand of the same metal, into which the standard screws, and a cotton bag, which holds the ground coffee and which is fastened to the goose neck by drawing strings. Place the requisite amount of coffee in the bag, stand the device in an ordinary coffee pot and pour in about three inches of water, hot or cold. When the water boils it will bubble up around the pulverized coffee and acquire the full flavor without getting that strong, rank taste that is the result of grounds standing in the bottom of the pot. The water also rises in the goose neck tube and circulates freely through that from bottom to top, a flange on the tube preventing the bag from being pushed off.

Old Fashioned Stew.

Take three or four good slices of fat salt pork, cut into little squares. Put those into an iron kettle and fry over a slow fire until all the fat is extracted, then take out the scraps, leaving the fat in the kettle, and into this place a layer of potatoes thinly sliced, then a couple of onions sliced, then another of potato and onion, and so continue until you have perhaps four layers. Sprinkle salt and a little black pepper between the layers. Now lay on the pork scraps, adding just enough water so that none will be left when potatoes and onion are cooked. When done, or nearly so, take a dozen Boston crackers, split and lay them on top, split side up. Now take a handful of flour and stir it in a pint of milk, adding a little salt and a lump of butter (small). Put into the pot and let boil until the crackers are soft. The whole should be well mixed. Use just enough milk to give a moisture and no more.

Mock Pineapple Salad.

Core and peel three nice large apples, slice them thin and against the grain of the fruit. Peel two fine large oranges and remove all outside white pulp, slice them rather thicker than the apple and also crosswise. Now place them in a glass dish in alternate layers. Save every drop of juice for the sirup and pour the juice over the fruit. Sift white sugar thickly over it, also the juice of a lemon, or more if it is too sweet.

Coffee Tapioca.

Soak three tablespoonfuls of pearl tapioca in cold water overnight. In the morning drain off water if there is any, add three cupfuls of strong coffee, one half cupful of sugar and a little salt. Cook until it thickens, which will only require a few minutes. Eat cold either with milk and sugar or whipped cream. Cocoa may be substituted for coffee.

Toad In the Hole.

Cut into dice one pound of round steak or cold cooked meat. Beat one egg very light and add to it one pint of milk. Add this a little at a time to one cupful of flour, being careful to rub out all lumps. Add one-half teaspoonful salt, butter a dish, put in the meat, season with salt and pepper, pour the batter upon it and bake one hour in a moderate oven.

Noodles.

For one sheet of noodles beat one egg with one-quarter teaspoonful of salt, one-half eggshell of water, about three-quarters cupful of flour. Roll out in thin sheet and let dry on pie board; then cut into narrow strips. If dough is not stiff enough add more flour. They must be quite stiff. When thoroughly dry they can be kept in glass jar.

Lamb Stew.

Boil slowly three pounds of lean lamb flank one hour; add three or four sliced onions and one-half cupful rice and boil with a heaping teaspoonful of sage and summer savory for three-quarters of an hour. Then add a pint of cream of tartar dumplings mixed with three eggs. Boil twelve minutes.

Cold Slaw Dressing.

One large tablespoonful of melted butter, one and one-half teaspoonfuls sugar, one-quarter teaspoonful of salt, one-half teaspoonful mustard, a dash of red pepper. Mix all together, add two beaten eggs and full cupful of hot vinegar. Place all over boiling water and stir until thick as custard.

SOLUTION OF A HARD PROBLEM

How a Pair of Lovers Came to an Understanding.

"This is intolerable!"

"A pleasant summer morning intolerable?"

"You know very well I don't refer to the morning."

"I hope you don't refer to me."

"I refer to this position in which I am placed by my mother."

"What position?"

"When a girl comes to my age she is an independent woman, having rights upon which no parent can trespass."

"You mean she ought to be independent."

"My mother has made up her mind that I—that she—that you"—

"Any one else in it?"

"You don't help me a bit. To state it boldly and correctly, she is throwing me at you."

"I trust I shall make a good catch."

"Ever since she arranged that the two families should spend the hot season together here she has kept me in misery. What could be more crucifying to a girl's pride than to have her mother show every moment that she wishes her daughter to catch a certain man? Last evening when Mr. Fitch called she treated him abominably. Her motive was apparent to every one."

"Suppose I go away?"

"You might do that—that is, if you wish."

"Oh, your mother doesn't trouble me. I would go to get you out of the muddle."

"But," she rejoined after a pause, "every one would say the man was so persecuted he went to escape being positively forced to"—

"It wouldn't do, would it?"

There was no reply to this.

"Suppose," he added meditatively—"suppose I propose to you and you decline me. Wouldn't that let you out?"

"Thank you. If a man proposes to me I prefer to treat his proposal as I see fit."

"But your mother?"

"I shall neither decline nor accept any one to please my mother."

"Well, I don't see how I can help you."

"I don't either."

"I tell you what you do. Accept the attentions of another man—Fitch, for instance. He'll do for a dummy, and say"—

"Mr. Fitch is a very nice young man."

"That's it—nice. You can tell your mother you're doing it to egg me on."

"Do you dare accuse me of having done that?"

"I was giving you a plan to induce your mother to let us—I mean you—alone."

"You should go into the diplomatic service."

"If there is no way out of it," he said presently, "I suppose we'll have to submit."

"Oh, it isn't as bad as that."

"We might go out there on the pier and jump off."

"Now you're talking silly."

"I have it! I'll go and propose to Marcia Eldridge."

"I've always thought a girl with a face like a pan of milk would suit you."

"I don't mean anything permanent. I could break it off in the autumn."

"If you do you needn't come back to"—

She bit her lip.

"Why don't you just tell your mother you don't want me, won't have me and she's to stop her interference at once."

To this there was no reply.

"You don't seem to think much of that proposition."

"It is about as senseless as the others."

"One more and I've done. Take the man you want, go to your mother and tell her you're engaged."

This met the same reception as the last—silence.

"I give it up."

"I would advise you to give it up if you can't think of anything less preposterous than that."

"Why preposterous?"

"Do you suppose that all the men of my acquaintance have made me carte blanche offers good for all time?"

"I didn't think of that."

A long pause. They strolled on to the pier. The sky was blue above them, and the waves were rolling in, a pale green, below them; gulls directly overhead, ships out on the horizon.

"There's a way out of it if we can only find it," he said presently.

"I'm afraid we're not bright enough. Perhaps we don't want to find it."

"That's singular. I thought we had been trying to find it all the while."

"You haven't contributed much toward that end."

"I? What have you contributed?"

"It isn't my part to find a way out of it. I took a risk of being considered unmaidenly to mention it at all."

"Let us sit down on this bench, and I'll try once more."

They seated themselves. He looked up at the sky and down at the waves, but saw neither. Then he said:

"Suppose I go to your mother and ask her for your hand."

She did not reply to this at once, but her features expressed relief.

"Don't you want my heart?"

"I have it."

"What made you think so? Certainly nothing that I have said or done."

"That gull up there told me."

SNAPSHOTS AT CELEBRITIES

James M. Baker, New Secretary of the Senate.

© 1913, by American Press Association.

For the first time in eighteen years the Democratic party has a working majority in the United States senate and has assumed control of that body. The secretary, chaplain, sergeant-at-arms and assistant doorkeeper who officiated prior to March 4 have each been replaced by men who have borne the banner of Democracy through many a hard fought battle.

James M. Baker, the new secretary of the United States senate, succeeds Charles G. Bennett of New York, who has filled that position since January, 1900. The new secretary is a native of South Carolina. He was educated at Wofford college in his native state and later studied law in New York city. Twenty years ago he removed to Washington to become assistant librarian of the senate, in which post he continuously remained until advanced to the office of secretary. By reason of his office he has been confidential assistant to Democratic senators, utilizing the senate library and has come through his experience to be regarded as an expert in all matters pertaining to senatorial history, procedure and research. Mr. Baker is fifty-two years old.

Skilled In Diplomacy.

Professor John Bassett Moore of Columbia university, who has been named counselor of the state department, is an authority on international law and has a wide experience as a diplomat. His works on international law and American diplomacy are universally recognized as evidencing profound knowledge and judicious analysis of international affairs.

On several previous occasions he has served the state department. First he

© 1913, by American Press Association.

JOHN BASSETT MOORE.

was a law clerk and from 1886 to 1891 was third assistant secretary in President Cleveland's administration. Then he was appointed professor of international law and diplomacy at Columbia university, which chair he still holds. During the Spanish war he was called to the office of assistant secretary of state, at a time of emergency, by a Republican administration and was counsel and secretary to the peace commission at Paris in 1898. He has also served as United States representative at numerous international conferences.

Professor Moore is a native of Delaware, a graduate of the University of Virginia and is fifty-three years old.

A Silencer.

Dr. Henry van Dyke has a neat way of silencing the censorious.

At a luncheon in Princeton a certain bishop was being discussed, and a visitor said:

"I don't like the bishop. He is too much a man of the world to suit me."

"Quite so," Dr. van Dyke retorted quickly, "but which world—this or the next?"

EQUAL WORK, EQUAL PAY.

Women Typewriters of Australia Stand by This Principle.

An interesting interpretation of "Equal pay for equal work" in operation is made by the women typists in Victoria, Australia, following the decision of the wages board to fix a minimum wage for all adult typists at 45 shillings weekly, and for all adult stenographers at 48 shillings weekly.

This regulation, they believe, will lead to the dismissal of many ill equipped women typists at present employed at an inadequate wage and their replacement by male typists who have been more fully trained. Nevertheless the women are said to be unanimous in support of the action just taken.

They go on record as valuing the clear recognition of the principle that wages should be regulated, not by the sex of the worker, but by the quality of the work. They are convinced that properly trained women need fear no rivals, and they recognize that many women are engaged in ill paid work, not because they would not gladly marry and work for the community in the sphere of the home, but because the men who would gladly marry them are too poorly paid to contemplate marriage at all.

As they see it, the principle of equal wages for equal work is so clear that "one wonders it should ever have been ignored. It is a matter of simple justice." On lower ground, it seems, from this Australian way of getting at it, to be at least as much men's interest as women's to enforce it.—New York Post.

THE CHURCH AND LABOR.

Fundamental Principles of the Two Great Forces Compared.

The fundamental and controlling principle of the Christian church is love—universal love. The Christian church is compelled by its life principle to love all, high and low, rich and poor. It can never devote itself to the good of any one class of society without denying its root principle and limiting its mission.

The fundamental principle of the labor union is love for the wageworkers. It seeks to benefit these and does not concern itself with the welfare of employers or even of the great middle classes of society who use the products of labor. The labor union finds justification for the limitation of its love and efforts in the greater need of the working classes. The wageworkers are the poorest and most oppressed, and the labor union aims to give help to those who need it most. How shall the universal love of the church and the limited love of the labor union be reconciled? By recognizing that the limited love and efforts of the labor union are not ideal, but are the product of present conditions and needs.

The spirit of the Christian church and of the labor union is one, to help those who need help, but the labor union has chosen to devote itself particularly to those in direct need. When the time comes when labor has its rights and its full share of the product of its soil its love may then become universal and the church and the labor union be fully one.—Watchman.

To Aid the Unemployed.

Benjamin P. Parker, special organizer for the Hotel and Restaurant Employees' International alliance, says that a campaign to amend the employment agency law so that no one will be permitted to charge, either directly or indirectly, for obtaining employment for another has been begun by 6,000 restaurant and hotel employees. One provision sought in the proposed law is to make it a misdemeanor to encourage the purchase of liquor by promise of employment. This is an attack on the "vampire" system, which, members of the organization charge, is the greatest evil with which their alliance has to contend.

Shorter Day Bill Fails.

The bill passed by the Indiana house of representatives limiting the working hours of women to fifty hours a week was killed in the senate. This is the bill which had been indorsed by the various labor organizations throughout the state and ends one of the bitterest fights of the present legislature.

TRADE UNION BRIEFS.

The International Typographical union has established an employment bureau.

Canadian railroads have 141,244 employees, with a payroll showing an nual wages of $74,613,738.

Frank M. Ryan has been re-elected president of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers.

Illinois District Council of the United Mine Workers of America voted in favor of giving the striking miners of West Virginia $900,000 if necessary to insure success.

Every electrotyper working at the trade in Springfield, O., is a member of the union, and every boy is apprenticed, thus making the organization 100 per cent strong.

Longshoremen of Boston have won an increase of 3 cents an hour for day work and 10 cents for night. Steamship agents agreed to employ none but members of the American Federation of Labor longshoremen's unions.

A bill prohibiting the employment of white women or girls in any place of business owned or managed by Chinese or Japanese has been introduced in the legislature by the government of Manitoba.

INFANT TOILERS.

Customer—
Merchant, merchant, tell to me
Where these goods are made for thee.
I don't know, but I'll go see.

Merchant—
Jobber, jobber, tell to me
Where these goods are made for thee.
I don't know, but I'll go see.

Jobber—
Factory, factory, tell to me
Where these goods are made for thee.
I don't know, but I'll go see.

Factory—
Contractor, contractor, tell to me
Where these goods are made for thee.
I don't know, but I'll go see.

Contractor—
Homeworkers, homeworkers, tell to me
How these goods are made by thee.
By the children. Can't you see?
—Elizabeth Watson.

TRIUMPH FOR UNIONISM.

Employers of Cleveland No Longer Opposed to Organized Labor.

Employers of labor in Cleveland, O., have evidently seen a new light and have taken a long step in its direction, says the Minnesota Union Advocate. They have reorganized their old Employers' association under a new name, which is the Industrial association. They have also adopted a new constitution with the old declaration against union labor and the union shop entirely eliminated. The new constitution declares "that the association is formed for the purpose of assisting in the establishment of industry on a basis of justice."

This is a great triumph for the labor movement, and that movement is entitled to the full measure of credit for it. The employers have found that fighting the labor unions is a losing game for them, and they have been forced to make terms of peace with them and lay their plans for a lasting and general state of harmony, which will be excellent for them as well as for the unions.

Public sentiment has long favored the unions, and the employers have been unable to stand up against it. With a degree of generosity that was not expected in its fullness they have apparently laid down their arms without reservation and decided to meet the unions on their own conditions.

The signs involved in this movement on their part are most hopeful for the union men in Cleveland and for organized labor in general, for their action will undoubtedly have a very helpful influence in other places and on other employers, and if it gets fairly started and is carried out in good faith it will spread rapidly and ought to become general and possibly universal. Heaven speed the day for this consummation so devoutedly to be wished and so long struggled for!

Shorter Day For Women.

Testifying before the house committee on labor, which had under consideration the Peters bill providing for an eight hour day for women workers in the District of Columbia, Miss Maude Younger of San Francisco, a laundry worker, told how laundry girls fainted from joy when the eight hour women workers' bill was passed there.

"One girl told me she never knew what heaven was until after that bill became operative," said Miss Younger. "The expense of shortening the hours is expense borne by the public. We in California are glad to bear it. By pedometers we found some of these girls walked twelve to fourteen miles a day. The government forces its pack mules to walk only thirteen miles a day."

Short Day For Bakers.

The Bakers' union of San Francisco has appointed a committee to devise some way by which the local can carry on its books 150 to 200 members who are out of work practically all of the time. It has been suggested that while out of work these men be exempted from paying dues. If this is done the working membership will have to be taxed a few cents more in order to make the total per capita tax correct. At the last meeting $256 was paid to members out of work. The union has been notified that Senator Edwin E. Grant has introduced a bill into the state legislature that calls for a six day week for bakers.

Union Fines Upheld.

Samuel Simons, a member of Mailers' union No. 6, New York and vicinity, was fined $77 by the union for failing to give up all extra work over the seven days when ordered to do so by the union. Simons was fined $27 for nine extra days that he did not give to men who were not getting seven days' work a week. The union put a further penalty of $50 on him for contempt of an order of the executive committee. Simons took his case on appeal to the highest tribunal of the union and was defeated. He then resorted to the courts. Justice Amend decided the case in favor of the union.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Women Good Unionists.

Our London namesake says that it is not generally known that the London Society of Compositors is happy in the possession of two women members, who receive the same rate of pay as their male colleagues, says the Typographical Journal. All of the large and many of the small unions affiliated with our international body have women members on their rolls, and they not only enjoy equal wage and working conditions, but are in many instances the best of disciples in the trade union movement.

For the Children

Miss Jansje Bowman, a Little Dutch Heroine.

A few weeks ago a little Dutch girl who lives in the town of Dordrecht, Holland, or the Netherlands, as it is now called, was made joyously happy by receiving the medal of the Carnegie hero fund and a gold bracelet. The girl's name is Jansje Bowman, and she is only eleven years old. The incident which brought recognition from the hero fund occurred last summer. While playing on a dock in the Dordrecht harbor a small boy of six years fell into the water and was being carried away by the tide when Jansje sprang into the harbor fully dressed, and, after a severe struggle, pulled the drowning youngster ashore. And so that is why Jansje now wears a medal and golden bracelet awarded her for risking her life to save another.

A Good Trick.

Put a tumbler in the center of the table. Take a small piece of paper measuring, say, about an inch or an inch and a half each way. Mold into a hollow form over top of thumb and place it upon the table, hollow downward. Now explain to the company that it is impossible to blow the paper off the table because the glass has the effect of dividing or so disturbing the current of air on the surface of the table as to defy their utmost endeavors to blow it off.

To succeed in this a single long hair from a lady's head must have been previously secured to the bottom of the glass by means of a minute particle of shoemaker's wax. Another particle of wax is placed in the center of the piece of paper by which the other end of the hair is fastened to it while molding it over the thumb. In order to avoid all possibility of detection the table cover and the hair should be dark colored and printed paper used, such as a bit of newspaper. This prevents the wax from showing, which might be the case if the paper were clean and white. The hair should be long enough to allow the paper to reach about eighteen inches or two feet from the glass.

Ripples.

There is a very amusing little game called "ripples," which will be nice to try at a surprise party some time. At such affairs everybody is always wanting everybody else to suggest "something different."

Let all those present sit in a circle, and then the one who knows the game best will start it by giving out the title of a verse. Nearly all children have memorized Mother Goose, so this would be a good one to start with. He says the first word of the first line, the next player on his left says the word after that, and so on until the entire circle has recited several times and the verse is finished.

Each player who fails to remember the word he or she should recite drops out of the circle, and the one remaining in the longest wins the game.

Walnut Shell Boats.

Materials Required.—A walnut shell, a small piece of cardboard, a match, a piece of white paper and some sealing wax.

Scoop out any remaining fragments of nut and skin from the interior of the shell and cover the opening with cardboard, which must be, first of all, cut the exact size. Thrust a match through the middle of the cardboard and fasten it securely to the bottom of the boat with sealing wax. The cardboard can also be fastened on to the shell in the same way. A sail can then be cut from white paper and fastened to the match by means of two holes.

Geographical Letters.

The players all seat themselves round a table which must have a bowl filled with letters in the center. From this bowl the leader takes one letter and throws it face upward on the table. The player who first calls out the name of a town beginning with the letter on the table appropriates it for herself. When the bowl is empty the players count their letters, and the one who has the most wins the game.

How Dick Goes.

When mother wants an errand done
And calls on Dick you would suppose
His power of motion failing from
The way he goes.

But when the band plays down the street
Then he's alive from head to toes.
You'd think he ran by steam power from
The way he goes.
—Youth's Companion.

Good Form

Your Parents.

The other day I saw the most shameful exhibition of discourteous treatment that I hope to witness for some time, said a charming woman of the world, and, would you believe it, it was the discourtesy of two daughters to their mother? They were products of a very good private school, where their father and mother had sent them and paid for them, too, with money earned by hard work, careful planning and many sacrifices.

These daughters were dressed in excellent taste. Their spending money in their elegant purses exceeded, I am certain, the salary of their father at their age. They knew a little boarding school French and German, and they were very well drilled in how to enter a drawing room and how to gush in the accepted society butterfly fashion. One thing in their education had been sadly neglected. They seemed not to understand that parents demand a courteous consideration at all times, and that, above all things, there should be a polite treatment before others.

Well, these girls were entertaining friends and during the evening their mother came into the library to meet them. She really had a better idea of hospitality than her daughters, for she knew that the real hostess should meet all guests, even for a few minutes.

This little mother had never been in a "finishing" school, and her grammar was the plain everyday grammar without the fluffy French phrases or up to date slang. I believe that she made some errors in grammar, for her daughters took the trouble to correct her before the guests, to the embarrassment of every one present except themselves. They did not seem to realize at all that corrections should never be made before outsiders, and, above all, they should be done kindly and gently.

The plain little dress did not suit the fashion plate ideas of the daughters of the house. When the dear little lady (I use the word lady in good faith) came in, they flew at her as if she had been on fire and roughly straightened her blouse. Those daughters scolded their mother for having a blouse not perfectly plain in the back! Rude is not the term I would apply.

She was corrected in one or two statements that she made in a manner that the daughters would not dare to use to any other person. "No, don't say that," said one. "You have no right to give any opinion. What can an old person like you, with no experience in the world, know of this?" I wish that I could give you the rude manner that went with it.

Now, I would warn every daughter who reads this little talk against falling into disrespectful ways toward her parents. Never be ashamed of the fact that your parents have not been "finished" or do not hold diplomas from colleges. You will find that the older generations have been busy earning money, building homes, making things possible for their children to acquire some of the more showy things that some people are foolishly overrating in their valuation of life.

Good honest principles, high ideals, honorable actions and right living count for more than anything else. You need never be ashamed of these attributes. I would suggest that you be proud of parents who have these qualities. No correction, no rudeness or disrespectful treatment will ever count for anything except against the children who forget that they, too, are not perfect.

Keep in mind always the days of patience, trial and self sacrifice that your parents have given to you. They have generally respected you and have shown kindness and love for you. Surely you should give the same to them.

Etiquette For Business Girl.

The girl who enters business life must not expect excuses to be made for her on the ground of sex. She stands on an equal footing with man in the business world, but this is not the truth as yet, though it may be in the future. Woman is discriminated against all through the industrial world just because she is a woman. She may do as good or better work than a man in the same position, but she cannot yet command the salary that he can. But if she keeps on doing her very best and is prompt and energetic and neat in appearance, with a pleasant word and a cheery smile for all comers, she can already go a long way, and the time is coming when she can go still higher.

The best bred girls as well as the girls who are most successful in the business world never try to make the two absolutely dissimilar worlds mingle, but keep their social life entirely for the home.

The Polite Salutation.

If a woman bow to you acknowledge it, even though your memory fails you about name or place of meeting. A courteous salute should always be returned. No well bred person should ever cut an acquaintance. A turning in another direction or a purely polite, conventional bow will show the other that you do not care to carry your social acquaintanceship beyond the present standing.

THAT THE
Vista Grande Bakery and Grocery is the place where you get the best bread, the finest cakes, the choicest of groceries for the most reasonable prices

Also handle chicks, chicken feed, kindling and coal, etc.

Vista Grande Grocery & Bakery
A. VOGLER

Patronize Advertisers

BANK OF ITALY
Member
The San Francisco Clearing House Association
Asociated Savings Banks of San Francisco

Capital Fully Paid . .	$1,000,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits .	250,000.00
Resources Over . . .	11,000,00.000

SAN MATEO COUNTY BRANCH
Formerly
SAN MATEO BANK
Cor. B St. and Third Ave. San Mateo

A general Banking, Exchange, Loan an Collection Business transacted. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. Interest at current rates paid on Savings and Time Deposits. Safety Deposits Boxes to rent at $1.00 per year.

One Hundred Miles
of Scenic Splendor
WESTERN PACIFIC
FEATHER RIVER ROUTE
THROUGH DAILY SERVICE
Between
San Francisco, Oakland,
Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago
Via
Salt Lake City, Denver,
Pueblo and Omaha

Standard and Tourist Sleepers. Electric Lights, Electric Fans. Steam Heat. Observation Cars.

WESTERN PACIFIC-RIO GRANDE
A WORLD'S WONDERWAY

For further information apply to any Western Pacific agent or
TICKET OFFICES
665 Market Street—Palace Hotel—Phone Sutter 1651
Market Street Ferry Depot—Phone Kearny 4980
1326 Broadway, Oakland—Phone Oakland 132

Choice Residential Lots

From 1 to 60 acres of rolling land. Restrictions on purchases—no hog pens, dairies or other objectionable buildings allowed. Three miles from San Mateo. Talk to us about it.

SAN MATEO INDEX

Daly City Record

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

By J. L. BROWN

Entered at the Post Office of Vista Grande, Cal., as Second-class matter, under the Act of Congress, March 3, 1879

Indorsed by the Building Trades Council of San Mateo County.

TERMS:

One Year, in advance.....$1.50
Six Months, " ..... .75
Three Months, " ..... .40

DALY CITY, CALIFORNIA, APRIL 18 1913

BRIDGE WHIST TOMFOOLERY

SOME of the members of the California Legisiature need treatment in a rest-cure for disordered minds. Legislation against bridge-whist is quite as sane as laws against tiddlewinks and mumblepeg. Some legislative saints assert that the playing of bridge-whist for prizes leads to gambling, or is gambling, not taking into account the fact that everyone who plays bridge should have a new gown or a new suit of clothes as compensation for the intellectual disturbance caused by the game.

If legislators are so averse to public and private gambling, why don't they take a few statutory shots at land gambling, at lot gambling, at subdivision gambling in California? Where one bridge-whist "gambler" gets a 40-cent prize, a dozen real estate gamblers take by force of law, but without earning it, at least $40,000—and take it from producers who are not in the game.

If bridge-whist prizes must be abolished, why not memorialize Congress to abolish stock gambling? Bank cashiers don't embezzle money to play bridge, but they sometimes embezzle to "play the stock market." Why not go after some of the real evils?—San Francisco Star.

LAZY men are just as useful as dead ones and take up more room.

THE INDEX is proud that it is free from pinheadedness, with appologies to the "printed in Palo Alto" rag.

COMMUNICATIONS to this paper must bear the signature of the writer to receive consideration. Not necessarily for publication, but for good faith.

NINE of the fifteen freaks who voted against the alien land-holding bill live in Los Angeles. In the name of decency let us divide the state at Tehachapi.

THE pinhead who runs the "printed-in-Palo Alto" rag, insinuates that those of the San Mateo county delegation who went to Sacramento by boat were drunk. That is nice.

CALIFORNIA is the land of fruit, flowers and freaks. The Chief of Police of Oakland lectures in the pulpit on Sunday and the chaplain at San Quentin grafts on the unfortunate inmates every day in the week.—Main Sheet.

IT required a two-thirds vote to carry the road bond issue; is there any reason why the matter of vastly more importance to San Mateo county—annexation to San Francisco—should be decided by a bare majority? Fortunately Assemblyman Brown is on the job, and we are safe.

AND now its the chaplain of the Arizona State Senate—first Senate Arizona ever had—who has to be admonished not to attempt to lure the Omnipotent into local politics—in other words, not to lobby in his prayers. He invoked the chastisement of God on newspaper men and other busybodies who were stirring up strife in the House and Senate. What shall the man ask for?

IN SPEAKING of the victorious bond election the South San Francisco Enterprise says: "The benefits to this city are obvious. Bounded by the state highway on one side and with the reconstructed San Bruno road running directly through South San Francisco can no longer be a side issue. The complete returns of the county election are as follows:"—Yet, with all this benefit, excelling any town in the county, the vote there was only 237 to 66. The hated rival town of San Bruno voted better, viz: 257 to 55, while Daly City, where not one foot of the county road will be built by these bonds, voted 472 to 62—over 7 1-2 to 1. The Martin-Cunningham-Hickey bunch said: "You look out for the other places, we'll take care of South San Francisco." How about it—Supervisor Casey heard at noon on election day that no machines were there and sent two over, which were the only machines in South Francisco.

PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION
SAN FRANCISCO
1915
CALIFORNIA

Gems In Verse

A REVERIE.

FIRE is a-roarin' in the ol' fireplace,
An' in every dancin' flame you can sit an' trace
Fire forms of figures that form an' fade away,
Like your thoughts are doin' as you sit an' watch it play.

As you smoke your glowin' pipe in the easy chair
An' the fitful firelight's a-dancin' everywhere
Seems as though you're back again, many years ago,
To the dear ol' places that your childhood used to know.

There's a boy a-wadin' round the ol' mill stream,
Ripplin' an' a-dancin' in the sunlight's silvery gleam,
With a willow fishin' pole an' a can of bait
An' a tattered ol' straw hat on his tousled pate.

So he used to spend his time all the summer through,
Lazylike an' care free, without a thing to do;
Happy as the birds that sung in the willow trees,
Wanderin' over hill an' dale like a passin' breeze.

So the visions come an' go in the firelight's gleams
Till you're lost an' wanderin' in a land of dreams,
Losin' track of passin' time till first thing you know
Cold is creepin' round your chair an' the fire's low.

—Si Holler.

LOVE'S TOMORROW.

TOMORROW is a dreamy revery, a castle in the air,
A purple mist, alas! I cannot find it anywhere.
I never count it on the rosary of my years.
Only for today I save and hold all joys and fears.

YESTERDAY I said I loved you and again today,
But "Tomorrow?" you ask. Ah, that I cannot say!
I only hope that ever, beside tomorrow's open door,
Your voice shall sing to me in love for evermore.

—Katherine Ward.

THE LONELY ROOM.

O LONELY room, which late her presence knew,
Her gracious presence, which makes bright the day
And through the dreams of night moves like a ray
Of sunshine when it flashes from the dew.
How bare you seem, today bereft of her!
Yet from this chair her face shone out on me.
Here her hand rested, lying light and free,
That hand whose touch can all my pulses stir.

O blessed room, which holds her memory yet!
Here is the window from which once looked she
At the same velvet grass, the flower, the tree,
Before me now. Henceforth my life is set
To the dear music of the words she spoke
When in my heart love's roseate morning broke.

—Ninette M. Lowater in New York Sun.

THE FIRING LINE.

FOR glory? For good? For fortune or fame?
Why, no for the front where the battle is on!
Leave the rear to the dolt, the lazy, the lame.
Go forward as ever the valiant have gone.
Whether city or field, whether mountain or mine,
Go forward, right on to the firing line.

Whether newsboy or plowboy, cowboy or clerk,
Fight forward, be ready, be steady, be first.
Be fairest, be bravest, be best at your work.
Exult and be glad; dare to hunger, to thirst,
As David, as Alfred—let dogs skulk and whine—
There is room but for men on the firing line.

Aye, the place to fight and the place to fall—
As fall we must, all in God's good time—
It is where the manfiest man is the wall,
Where boys are as men in their pride and prime,
Where glory gleams brightest, where brightest eyes shine,
Far out on the roaring red firing line.

—Joaquin Miller (Died Feb. 17, 1913).

THUS SPAKE ZOROASTER.

POLLUTE thou not my spirit; keep it pure,
And let thy pathway be the way of truth,
For truth is loftier than an earthly crown,
Yields honor and nobility to kings,
Raises the lowly born to Virtue's throne.

PAY fervent homage unto nature's laws
And all the wondrous works of God admire,
The oceans that reflect the dying sun,
The mountains where ye place departed friends,
The stars, the skies, the earth, the waves, the air.

AND these last do thou evermore keep pure,
For from the earth spring forth the needed fruits;
The balmy air contains the breath of God;
The waters that ye drain support all life.
So from pollution keep all these secure.

—A. E. Ardessier-Heeramaneck.

THE REAL TREASURE.

THE real treasure is that laid up by man or woman
Through charity and piety, temperance and self control.
The treasure thus hid is secure and passes not away.
Though he leave the fleeting riches of this world, this a man takes with him—
A treasure that no wrong of others and no thief can steal.
Let the wise man do good deeds—the treasure follows of itself.

—Nidhikanda Sutta.

IMPERCEPTIBLE.

THIS winter has been just immense,
A balmy thing.
We'll hardly know the difference
When it is spring.

—Louisville Courier-Journal.

WHITE MOURNING.

Fetching Veil For Pretty Young Widow.

UP TO DATE TOQUE AND VEIL DESIGNED BY ORA ONE.

There are grace and becomingness about white mourning which make it anything but somber and gloomy in suggestion. This mourning is particularly fetching when worn by a pretty young widow. Mrs. John Jacob Astor, whose husband was one of the victims of the Titanic disaster, is wearing this new mourning.

The mourning veil pictured is of white net deeply bordered with white crape and is worn over a toque of the white crape.

Inventions Credited to Women.

It is sometimes stated that women lack creative ability, and it will surprise a great many people to learn that feminine skill and ingenuity have played an honorable part in supplying the world with the useful inventions that have contributed so largely to its material progress.

A remarkable versatility in talent is shown in the case of Harriet Hosmer. She is noted as the sculptor of the "Sleeping Faun" and also as the inventor of the permanent magnet as a motive power for lifting large masses of metal and of a novel method of changing lime into marble.

The ice cream freezer was invented by Mrs. Nancy M. Johnson. The science of anatomy is indebted to Mme. de Condray for the manikin, while Jeanette Powers is the author of the aquarium.

Miss Mary Walton of New York has contributed to the comfort of mankind a device for deadening the sound on elevated railroads and also a successful smoke consumer.

In 1871 Margaret Knight of Boston invented a machine for making paper bags, and a Washington woman has given her name to the Coston light, so valuable in maritime signaling. Frances Dunham is responsible for the comb foundation for beehives.

Child's Frock In Sampler Style.

Prim little blossoms embroidered in sampler style in color are quite the most distinguished thing now on children's frocks. This little dress of white wash cotton crape is embroidered with pink and green flowers, and neck and sleeves are finished with a crocheted edge in pink. The sash is of pink velvet.

OF WHITE COTTON CRAPE.

That Bulgarian Note.

One sees it in dress trimmings—rich and beautiful.

Wide and narrow bands of sheer black net have the Bulgarian reds, blues, greens and yellows cleverly combined in effective embroidered designs.

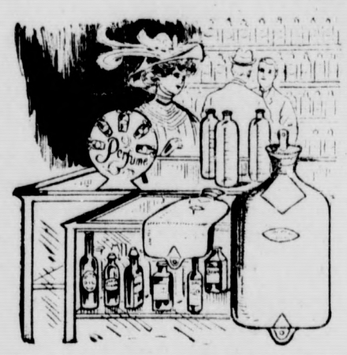
And there are all over embroideries which are used to trim blouses and gowns.

In the neckwear shops are chemisettes, guimpes, socks and jabots of sheer white or cream colored net, with designs embroidered in the prescribed hues and designs.

New Asparagus Dish.

A delicious variation for asparagus is to bake it in a cream sauce. Cook in salted water until tender, drain, put in a butter baking dish and pour enough cream sauce over to cover. Sprinkle with grated Swiss or Parmesan cheese and a few bits of butter and brown in the oven.

PENINSULA DRUG CO.
Formerly HILL PHARMACY
DALY CITY



Our Sick Room Helps

are complete in variety, splendid in quality and moderate in price. There are all kinds of rubber goods, measuring glasses, sprayers, disinfectants, etc. We hope there isn't, but if there should be anybody sick at your house, this drug store should be your source of supplies.

J. W. MELVIN, Manager

Good Meat

Such as Is Sold By the

Pacific Meat Company

First Township

Only United States Government Inspected Meats

JIM CASEY

The Daly City Cafe

GEORGE PAPPAS, Prop.

Strictly First-class and Respectable

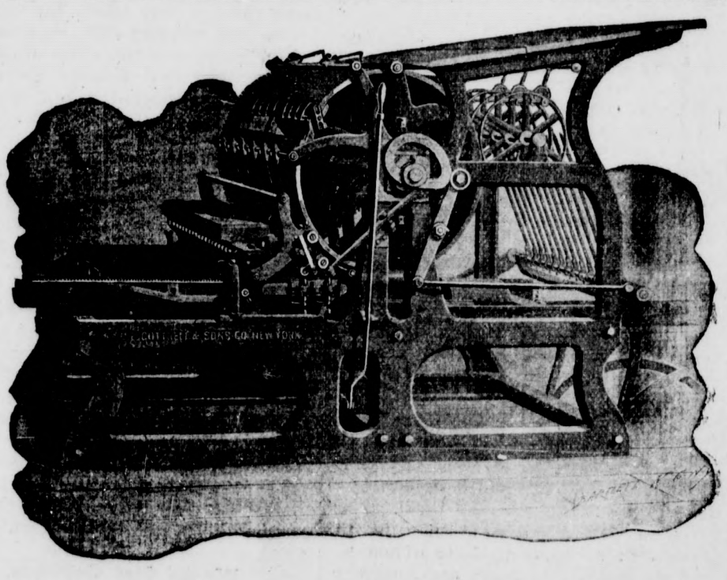
Corner Mission Road and Hillcrest Drive

The Mission Road House

BILLY RAVEN, Proprietor

Finest Wines, Liquors and Cigars

Pool Table



Daly City Record

AND

San Mateo Index

LOCAL PAGE

* Advertisements

The Rae boys who live on F street, Colma, are making a lawn tennis court.

Fresh Milk Cows For Sale. Apply to Louis Nick, Hillcrest Drive, Daly City.*

Mrs. A. Samsreiter, who lives on Melrose street, has been very ill, but is now on the road to recovery.

For Rent—A 4-room and bath bungaow at 532 Mission. Inquire of F. P. O'Toole or at the Record office. *

The Ladies's Improvement Club meets every Thursday evening at the band hall. Everybody invited.

Mrs. J. L. Brown and Baby Ralph are speneing the week with relatives in Sacramento and expect to return Sunday evening.

LOST—A gold "Tattler" club pin; shield shaped; small "T" set in red and white enamel. Return to C. M. Coghlan, 119 Theta avenue. Reward.

Dr. F. Bush's dental office is No. 420 Mission Road. Office hours 10.30 to 5.30 p. m. except Wednesdays. Evenings by appointment. Sundays 10 to 12. *

Died in Colma April 9, Peter, beloved husband of Hannah Gadini, native of Italy aged 73 years. Mr. Gadini, who lived opposite Home of Peace cemetery was well known and highly respected.

Chas. P. Lambert, the monumental worker, is an expert at his profession and makes a specialty of letter-cutting on monuments in cemeteries—gilded if desired. Shop and residence near Mt. Olivet and the Italian cemeteries.*

☞FOWZER, the artist photographer, at 3126 Sixteenth street, near Valencia, is the best place in San Francisco to get first-class photography, any kind, any size, any price, any time. Also backgrounds for photo galleries, show windows, etc. 22*

F. Bano, who lives on the boulevard north of Mount Olivet cemetery, having resided there for twenty-five years, says that when he came there were only five vegetable gardens at Colma and two near Holy Cross. Now it is estimated that there are about two thousand.

CHARLES P. LAMBERT, the monumental worker, whose shop in on F street, near the entrance of Mount Olivet, is turning out some nice work and those in need of his service will do well to give him a call. He has a new Lucido marble that will not take dampness and is therefore everlasting. *

The Civic Betterment League met Tuesday evening and as a result of the action of the Trustees of Daly City, decided by a unanimous vote to loan the flag recepticle to the schools. The Crocker school would be the proper place, for there is where the donor, Jas. S. O'Brien. resides, and that would be a fitting tribute to his patriotic genorosity.

Percy Q. Richards, a son of Mrs. Dell Arganbright, of Daly City, an employee of the Standard Oil Company at Point Richmond, a few days ago fell into a pan containing hot oil and was so badly burned about the feet and legs that he will likely be disabled for many months, and skin grafting will be essential. Later—it is reported that the young man is likely to lose one or both of his legs.

A genuine Stradivari violin which is valued at $10,000 is owned by a brother of Mrs. Charles P. Lambert, of Colma, Prof. L. W. Ford. Professor Ford, who is a very efficient leader of orchestra, called on Mrs. Lambert Sunday with the violin while on his way to Reno and speaking of the instrument, says he purchased it several years ago at a mere trifle and only learned of its great value recently when he was offered $2,000 for it.

SOCIAL EVENTS are so interesting to the readers of a local uewspaper that the Index and Record is particularly desirous of mentioning them, and we wish everyone to bear this in mind and inform us of everything of that nature coming under their observation, either past or prospective. Please address "Society Editor" and sign your name—not for publication unless you wish it—but as a guarantee of good faith. Such announcements should reach this office not later than 9 P. M. Tuesday of each week, in order to insure insertion.

EEL FISHING TIDES

As the Coast Side Comet has received many inquiries as to when the next good eel fishing tides are we are printing the following table:

April	10	8:00 a. m.	Tide 0.0
"	11	8:54 a. m.	" —0.1
"	12	9:55 a. m.	" —0.1
"	13	11:00 a. m.	" —0.0
"	14	11:04 m.	" —0.0
"	23	7:27 a. m.	" —0.6
"	24	8:20 a. m.	" —0.5
"	25	9:16 a. m.	" —0.3
"	26	10:15 a. m.	" —0.0
"	57	11:11 a. m.	" —0.2

The dash (—) in front of the tides means minus even water.

THE TRUSTEES OF DALY CITY

On account of the Record editor's absence in Sacramento as one of a committee of twelve appointed by the Board of Supervisors to protect San Mateo county's interest in the proposed annexation bill before the Legislature, he was not able to attend the meeting of the Board of Trustees Monday evening, and is therefore favored with the following report from City Clerk Geo. N. Smith:

All members present.

Freyer reported on road committee suggesting that on account of building the State highway along Mission road, plans should be devised to care for the side streets. He also called attention to the fencing of Theta and Vista avenues, east of Mission, by Knowles, and under new business an order was made that the streets be opened.

Ross stated automobiles were still violating the Crocker Tract restriction and the marshal was told to get busy. City Clerk was authorized to request the San Mateo County Supervisors to cede Railroad avenue to Daly City.

Saloon license renewals were graned to I. Poket, Caesar Ehlers, Enrico Biggio, Geo. Panagatorious, Conrade Mundelius, A. Vireno, F. A. Smack.

A communication received from the Civic Betterment League offering the flag receptacle (the valuable gift of Jas. S. O'Brien) to the city. Exceptions were taken to the wording of the communication and it was ordered returned for change. After this action Landini moved to send the marshal for the box, but Green objected and his objection was sustained by Ross.

Calli Bros. seem to have a barking dog that was complained of.

County Clerk Nash returned bill of $75 for burial of the late Miss Jessie Blogg, saying the law forbids the county from paying in excees of $16.

Fire Commissioners H. H. Smith, H. F. Secor and F. A. Smack tendered their resignation. Freyer moved to decline, saying the gentlemen have performed their duties in a most satisfactory manner and the city could not spare them. Motion prevailed.

Jas. J. Sullivan tendered his resignation as pound master. Accepted. No appointment.

Miss Clara A. Jess tendered her resignation as city recorder, which was accepted. [As stated in a morning newspaper, Miss Jess resigned because of lack of proper support and she specifically stated that one of her main reasons was the Pankewicz case, who has sued her for $25,000 for false imprisonment. She also stated to the reporter that she had resigned from the Socialist party, that she was in sympathy with the general principles of Socialism "but did not like Socialists like these." — Ed.] No appointment.

Bill for $100 for costs and attorney fees of Miss Jess in the Pankeweiz case was laid over.

City officials' reports were made.

A communication from San Mateo County Development Association stated that Green's term had expired and he was reappointed.

Pacific Gas and Electric Co. asked for permits to set poles on Hanover street. Referred to water and lights committee.

Roberts & Denecke, engineering experts, submitted an amended contract, which Chairman Ross was authorized to sign.

H. Bauer was present, asking that his license be transferred to N. Giomi. Silence reigned for a time until Freyer, after ascertaining from Bauer that he had suspended business over two months, moved to indefinitely lay the matter on the table Ross then seconded the motion and it prevailed.

Biebel reported that Postmaster Fisk says that no carrier service can be given Daly City unless there is a special substation established.

An ordinance was presented relating to transfer of saloon licenses.

Merced avenue signs were ordered changed to Knowles avenue.

The Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Co. asked for permits to set poles on Los Olivos, Los Angels and Vista avenues.

By motion of Landini 48 chairs were ordered purchased for council chamber.

Jas. H. Morris of San Francisco was appointed city attorney. Clerk was authorized to notify him and also other municipalities.

Mrs. H. F. Secor addressed the board urging that action be taken compelling owners of property along Los Olivos to keep the street clean.

Several complaints were made regarding unsanitary conditions, including the dairies in Westend Homestead. Freyer asked why the ordinance passed by the former board was not enforced. Biebel said "because of holes," and Freyer retorted by asking why then, have not the holes been fixed during the past year.

After the consideration of several bills the meeting adjourned.

Arrested for Indecent Exposure

A vegetable vender named Angelo Verleno was arrested Tuesday by Marshall Eugene J. Lucy, charged with indecent exposure. Verleno was taken before Judge Johnson and in default of $500 cash bond, taken to Redwood City jail by Constable Parker. Complaints had been made to Trustee Freyer, who called Marshal Lucy and together they detected the wretch.

In speaking of his arrest and acquittal on the charge of insanity, Dr. Frederick J. K. G. de van Orden, M. E., says that the statement of a city paper that he "cried at his trial," is an awful injustice, declaring that he "wept."

HOUSE CLEANING—A reliable woman can obtain good employment for one or two half days a week by applying at 305 Crocker Boulevard, Crocker Tract.

Funeral of Mrs. Rose Rogers

The funeral of Mrs. Rose Rogers Wednesday was one of the largest ever held in Colma. It took place at St. Ann's church, which was filled to its utmost limit, and a large number of sincere friends were compelled to remain outside.

The deceased was an aged lady, widow of the late Michael Rogers, and mother of John E., Hugh C. and Eugene A. Rogers and Mrs. Ed. R. May. She was a native of the parish of Clonmany, County, Donegal, Ireland. After the requium mass the remains were laid to rest in Holy Cross cemetery.

Dr. G. L. Marion
Physician and Surgeon
139 Santa Ana Ave.
Daly City, - - California

COUNTY CORRESPONENTS WANTED

COUNTY OFFICIALS

Judge Superion Court	Geo. H. Buck
District Attorney	Franklin Swart
Sheriff	Joseph H. Mansfield
County Clerk	Joseph H. Nash
Treasurer	P. P. Chamberlain
Auditor	H. Underhill
Recorder	J. O. Heiner
Tax Collector	A. McSweeney
Assessor	C. D. Hayward
Supt. of Schools	Roy W. Cloud
Surveyor	Jas. V. Neuman
Coroner and Pub. Admr.	H. G. Plymire
Health Officer	W. G Beattie

SUPERVISORS

James T. Casey	First Townshp
Wm. H. Brown	Second Towhship
J. MacBain	Third Township
Jos. M. Francis	Fourth Township
D. E. Blackburn	Fifth Township

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

Ellis C. Johnson	Daly City
John F. Davis	San Bruno

CONSTABLES

J. H. Parker	Daly City
J. C. Wallace	South San Francisco

DALY CITY OFFICIALS

BOARD OF TRUSTEES
Burton C. Ross, President
Edward Freyer
A. J. Green
Charles L. Biebel
C. A. Landini

City Attorney, Vincent Surr
Recorder. Miss C. A. Jess
Treasurer, T. Sheehan
Clerk, George L. Smith
Marshal, Eugene J. Lucey
Poundmaster, J. J. Sullivan

Edith Henderson of Durham, visited her grandmother, Mrs. Chas. B. Smith at Moss Beach the early part of this week.

John Marshall of Lobitos has been granted a saloon license by the Board of Supervisors.

PAY UP—Quite a number of our subscribers owe for the paper. The amounts are small, but when several hundred of them are added together, the same would be sufficiently large to cover all our obligations and that is our wish.

☞FOWZER, the artist photographer, at 3126 Sixteenth street, near Valencia, is the best place in San Francisco to get first-class photography, any kind, any size, any price, any time. Also backgrounds for photo galleries, show windows, etc. 31*

Christian Science Reformed Church

Free and independent. (Registered under State Charter). Sunday services at 11 a. m. in Daly City Band Hall, Melrose street, Daly City. Headquarters, Jefferson Square Building, 925 Golden Gate avenue, corner Octavia srreet, San Francisco. Healing and teaching every day from 11 a. m. to 7 p. m. Free reading room. All are welcome. *

BROOKLYN TABERNACLE BIBLE STUDY ON

MAKING FRIENDS WITH MAMMON.

Genesis 33:1-15—April 20.

"Be ye kind one to another, tender-hearted, forgiving each other, even as God also in Christ forgave you."—Ephesians 4:32. R. V.

IN a previous lesson we saw that Jacob left his earthly inheritance to Esau, claiming only the great Abrahamic Promise. That Promise was in respect to the future, and was purely of faith. All Jacob's course in life was governed by that Promise. If the Seed of Blessing was to come through him, then he must have children. Hence he married and reared a goodly family, regarding them as identified with himself in the Promise. His accumulation of flocks and herds was along the same line.

"Jacob Prayed."

About twenty years after Jacob had left home, he returned, under the Lord's guidance, with his flocks, herds and servants, to the land of his father. Naturally, he felt a timidity respecting Esau, and prayed to the Lord upon the subject, reminding Him of the Promise, in which he trusted. Then he sent word to Esau that he was coming. Next he prepared a gift of considerable value for those times—sheep, goats, cameis. cattle and asses.

This gift represented long years of toil on Jacob's part. These earthly things, however, Jacob valued as nothing compared with the great Abrahamic Covenant. He could give this goodly portion of earthly mammon to purchase Esau's good will, although he was under no obligations to his brother. He had purchased the first-born's portion, which included the major portion of Isaac's worldly riches. Jacob had left these in Esau's hands. The latter might suspect that Jacob was coming to claim his inheritance.

Had Jacob laid no claim to the estate, Esau would have judged him according to his own standards, and mistrusted that at an opportune moment Jacob would attack him. Thus a feud would have been established between the two families. This would have interfered with Jacob's hopes in connection with the Covenant.

Jacob insisted upon Esau's acceptance of the present. It would stand as a pledge of good faith between them. Esau would all the more willingly see Jacob's prosperity; for he realized that he had gotten the better of his brother, first by getting the patrimony, and secondly, by receiving so rich a present. Evidently Jacob's course was wise. He still had plenty, and God could give him more. His chief concern would be the Abrahamic Promise, the fulfilment of which lay beyond the present life.

The Lesson of Generosity.

One lesson which we as Christians may draw from Jacob's course is that of generosity toward the world—those who have no interest in Heavenly promises. As Jacob was willing to set aside all earthly rights and privileges in favor of the Abrahamic Promise, so the Spiritual Heirs should do likewise.

As Jacob left his father's house, leaving all to his brother without contention, trusting only to the Heavenly Promise, so must we Spiritual Israelites forsake all earthly hopes, to obtain joint-heirship with Christ in the Messianic Kingdom. As Jacob gladly gave presents to Esau for the sake of peace in carrying out God's arrangements under this Promise, so we as Christians should willingly give to our partners in life, our neighbors, friends and brethren, the larger share of earth's good things, if thereby we may forward the Lord's Cause in connection with the Abrahamic Promise, in which we trust.

Mankind have their hearts set upon earthly good things—they know nothing higher. Christians, on the contrary, appreciate Heavenly things, esteeming earthly things as unworthy of comparison. We, like St. Paul, esteem all earthly things but loss and dross that we may win Christ—that we may win joint-heirship with Jesus in the great blessing of God by becoming members of the Spiritual Seed of Abraham, that we may participate in the glorious work of blessing all the families of the earth.

Finally, Our Golden Text.

Our Golden Text seems at first not closely related to the lesson. Nevertheless, there is a relationship. It is this: Whoever cultivates the spirit of generosity and benevolence toward others in the interests of the Lord's Cause will there by make character. Generosity in dealing with our enemies and with the world will gradually make us more generous with all—especially with the Lord's family, to which our text refers.

"In the School of Christ."

The Church of this Gospel Age is in the School of Christ, to be prepared for Divine service, in association with the Redeemer in His Messianic Reign. The lessons in this School are the graces of the Spirit. To whatever extent we attain these graces, to that extent we shall be prepared for a place in the Kingdom.

ANGELO SELMI
THE LEADING
GROCER
Fruit & Vegetable Dealer
Goods Delivered Everywhere and Satisfaction Guaranteed.
DALY CITY CALIFORNIA

JOHN HENNESSY
DEALER IN
COAL
AND
FEED
253 Sickles Ave. Phone Mission 8100
Ocean View, S. F.

ELLIS C. JOHNSON
Justice of the Peace
Notary Public
Deeds, Contracts, etc., correctly drawn up.
Agent Ætna Fire Insurance Company
Phone Mission 6606
612 Mission Road Daly City

BENASSINA & MASSAGLIA
FIRST-CLASS HORSESHOEING
GENERAL BLACKSMITHING
All work done in the best possible manner and satisfaction gnaranteed.
Next to Postoffice COLMA, CAL.

THE BOULEVARD
Mission Road & School St.
Case Goods A Specialty
GAS KITCHEN CALE COAKLEY, Prop

White is King

The very BEST all-round Fmaily Sewing Machine that can be produced. Made in ROTARY and VIBRATOR styles.
The rotary makes both Lock and Chain stitch. The very latest up-to-the-minute steel atachments with each machine. Sold on easy paymcnts. Seod name any address for our beautiful H. T. Catalogue Free.
WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.
1460 Market St.,
SAN FRANCISCO

POSTOFFICE NOTICE.

Postoffice open daily from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m.
Money order window opened from 7 A. M. to 5:45 P. M.
Letters for registration must be posted half an hour previous to the time for closing the mail.
Mails are dispatched from office 15 minutes before train time.
Out-going mail leaves as follows:
7:08 A. M.
1:10 P. M
6:49 P. M.
Mails arriving at this office are due as follows:
6:05 A. M
11:56 A. M
5:55 P. M.
JOSEPHINE ARMANINO.
Postmaster

Phone Market 6257
Fowzer
ARTIST PHOTOGRAPHER
3126 SIXTEENTH STREET
Near Valencia
Formerly 1148 Market St.
SAN FRANCISCO
Pictures of all kinds made and framed to order
Finest Children's and Profession Work in the City

Colma Pioneer Merchandise Store
M. & S. BELLI & CO.
Groceries, Provisions, Hardware, Clothing.
Boots, Shoes and Hats
Wines and Liquors, Hay, Grain, Feed, General Merchandie
Importers of Pure Italian Olive Oil.
Branch at Hillcrest. Public Tel. Station. COLMA

VISTA GRANDE POSTOFFICE

Postoffice open daily from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays and holidays from 8 A. M. to 10 A. M
Outgoing mails close 6 A. M. and 6 P. M.
Mail arrives at 7 A. M. and 7 P. M.
E. L Lang, Postmaster

Summons

In the Justice's Court of the First Township, County of San Mateo, State of California.

Samuel M. Valenzuela, Plaintiff, vs. M. Schuyler, Defendant.

The People of the State of California send greeting to M. Schuyler, Defendant.

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above-named Plaintiff in the Justice's Court of First Township, County of San Mateo, State of California, and to answer before the Justice, at his office in said Township, the Complaint filed therein, within five days (exclusive of the day of service), after the service on you of this Summons — if served within the Township in which this action is brought; or, if served out of the Township, but in said County, within ten days, or within twenty days if served elsewhere.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to so appear and answer, the Plaintiff will take judgment for any money or damages demanded in the Complaint, as arising upon Contract, or will apply to the Court for relief demanded in the Complaint.

Make legal service and due return hereof.

Given under my hand this 21st day of January, 1913.

ELLIS C. JOHNSON,
Justice of the Peace of said Township.
mar5-apr25

GAME LAWS.

Ducks—October 15th to March 1st, 50 per week.

Quail—October 15th to February 15th, 20 per day.

Dove—August 1st to October 15th, 50 per day.

Deer (buck only)—July 1st to September 1st, 2 in season.

Rabbits—July 31st to February 1st, 15 per day.

Mountain trout—Hook and line only, 50 per day, not over 10 lbs. and 1 fish—April 1st to November 1st.

Steelhead trout—50 per day, April 1st to November 1st.

Abalone (for food only)—15 per day, July 1st to March 1st; red 17 inches in circumference. Abalone must be brought to shore.

Tell us that Local News or Society Item.

DALY CITY MATERNITY HOME AND HOSPITAL
320 PARK AVE.
MRS. A. CONNELY
Matron and Midwife
Will attend at patient's home, or will receive same at Maternity Home.
Fee Reasonable

San Mateo, March 30, 1912.

Editor Index: — The undersigned, a supporter of good and honest government, wishes to thank and praise you for your bold stand in the interest of honest government. And each person who voted the same ticket at the recent municipal election indorses your stand. I hope they may appreciate the Index and subscribe for it so they may know how the officials conduct their business—whether for the "interests" or for the people. I hope you will continue to keep your eye on county affairs as well.

A SUBSCRIBER.

VIRENO
Wine Vaults

A. VIRENO, Proprietor
M. VERNENGO. Mgr.

6156 MISSION ST. DALY CITY, CAL.

PHONE MISSION 2750

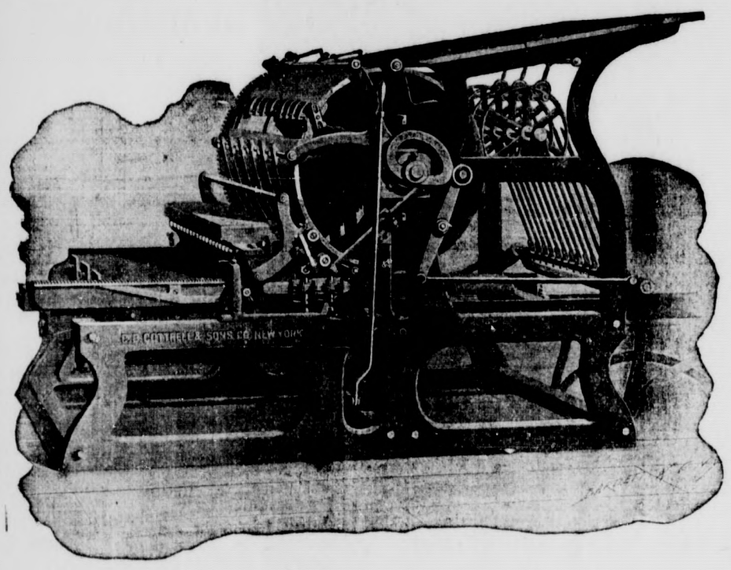
Wholesale and Retail
WINE
And Liquor Store

Domestic and Imported Wine
IMPORTED OLIVE OIL

First-Class Bar---Hot Lunch All Day

Table Claret 35c up
Home Made Wine, (Cant be beat), 45c up.

ORDERS CALLED FOR AND DELIVERED



Daly City Record
AND
San Mateo Index

Goes Directly Into the Hands of
Those Whom You Wish
Most to Reach

Reasonable Prices Good Workmanship

OCEAN SHORE
RAILROAD

OFFICIAL TIME SCHEDULE
Became Effective Sunday, Dec. 15, 1912

7	5	3	1			2	4	6	8	10
a.m	p.m.	a.m.	a.m.	Miles		a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.
8:10	5:35	10:00	8:10	0.0	SAN FRANCISCO	7:30	2:30	4:15	5:00	8:40
8:25	5:50	10:15	8:30	2.5	Shops	7:15	2:12	4:00	5:45	8:25
*8:34	*5:59	*10:24	8:39	5.4	Onondaga	*7:07	*1:57	*3:50	*4:36	*8:17
*8:38	*6:03	*10:28	*8:44	7.1	Palmetto	*7:03	*1:52	*3:46	*4:32	*8:13
*8:39	*6:04	*10:29	*8:49	7.6	DALY CITY	*7:02	*1:49	*3:44	*4:30	*8:12
*8:47	*6:12	*10:37	*9:03	9.9	Thornton	*6:54	*1:40	*3:38	*4:23	*8:04
*8:54	*6:19	*10:44	*9:09	11.9	Mussel Rock	*6:46	*1:30	*3:33	*4:17	*7:56
*8:57	*6:22	*10:47	*9:13	13.1	Edgemar	*6:42	*1:24	*3:29	*4:13	*7:52
9:01	6:26	10:51	9:20	14.3	SALADA	6:39	1:19	3:26	4:10	7:49
*9:03	*6:28	*10:53	*9:24	14.8	Brighton	*6:35	*1:13	*3:23	*4:08	*7:45
*9:06	*6:31	*10:56	*9:28	16.0	Vallemar	*6:32	*1:08	*3:19	*4:04	*7:42
9:07	6:32	10:57	9:50	16.6	Rockaway	6:31	1:05	3:18	4:03	7:41
9:12	6:37	11:02	10:05	18.1	TOBIN	6:25	12:45	3:13	3:58	7:35
*9:15	*6:40	*11:05	*10:08	18.9	Ransome	*6:21	*12:40	*3:08	*3:53	*7:31
*9:24	*6:49	*11:14	*10:18	21.1	Green Canon	*6:12	*12:32	*2:58	*3:43	*7:22
*9:27	*6:52	*11:17	*10:30	22.8	Montara	*6:07	*12:27	*2:51	*3:34	*7:17
9:28	6:53	11:18	10:35	23.0	FARALLON	6:06	12:26	2:50	3:32	7:16
9:32	6:57	11:22	10:38	24.1	MOSS BEACH	6:03	12:21	2:47	3:27	7:13
*9:33	*6:58	*11:23	*10:39	24.4	Marine	*6:02	*12:19	*2:43	*3:25	*7:12
*9:37	*7:02	*11:27	*10:43	26.0	Princeton	*5:58	*12:16	*2:40	*3:22	*7:08
*9:38	*7:03	*11:28	*10:44	26.5	North Granada	*5:56	*12:15	*2:38	*3:21	*7:06
9:40	7:05	11:30	10:45	27.1	Granada	5:55	12:13	2:36	3:19	7:05
*9:42	*7:07	*11:32	*10:55	27.6	SOUTH GRANADA	*5:54	*12:10	*2:35	*3:17	*7:04
*9:43	*7:09	*11:33	*10:58	28.1	Miramar	*5:52	*12:08	*2:33	*3:15	*7:02
9:50	7:16	11:40	11:14	30.2	HALF MOON	5:47	12:00	2:28	3:10	6:57
*10:05	7:20	11:55	11:20	30.8	Arleta	5:45	11:55	*2:25	*3:05	6:55
*10:10	.....	*12:00	.....	32.6	Fairhaven	.....	*11:21	*2:20	*3:01	.....
*10:15	.....	*12:05	.....	34.3	Purisima	.....	*11:15	*2:15	*2:56	.....
*10:17	.....	*12:07	.....	34.8	Sealrox	.....	*11:12	*2:09	*2:55	.....
*10:23	.....	*12:13	.....	36.1	Lobitos	.....	*11:07	*2:06	*2:52	.....
10:30	.....	12:20	.....	38.0	TUNITAS	.....	11:00	2:00	2:40	.....
a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.			a.m.	a.m.	p m.	p.m.	a.m

* Trains stop on signals and to leave passengers.
At Tunitas, stages connect for San Gregorio, La Honda, Ballevale, Pescadero and Pebble Beach
Trains No's 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 are Daily.
Trains No's 7, 8 and 10, Sundays Only.

An Experiment

To Determine the Effect of Mind Over Matter

By GEORGE C. WADSWORTH

Two young physicians, both sufficiently well off in worldly goods to follow their profession in the department of original research, were sitting in the laboratory of one of them discussing the power of mind over matter.

"Until we hit upon some method," said Dr. Harth, "by which we may call in the aid of the imagination to effect cures we shall be constantly losing a powerful adjunct."

"I think this matter," replied the other, Dr. Strecker, "is overrated. When the tissues of an organ are once broken down they cannot be restored by the imagination."

"Your statement sounds correct and doubtless is so in a majority of cases, but I deny that it is so in every case. A man under a severe strain—overwork or trouble—becomes ill, and one of his organs in consequence becomes diseased. The strain is removed and followed by extremely pleasant and healthful surroundings. Not only is the disease arrested, but whatever tissues have been destroyed are rebuilt."

There was a knock on the door, and Dr. Harth answered the summons. He found there a comely girl about twenty years of age.

"Is this the institute where new knee joints are put in?" she asked.

The doctor looked into the girl's eyes and saw evidences of a disordered brain. "No," he replied, "but it is a private workshop of the same kind. Do you wish a new knee joint put in?"

"No, but I would like a new brain, and I hope that you will give me at the same time a disposition to bear with persons who annoy me."

"Come in here."

He took her to a room where he kept his scientific books, fairly well furnished, and with a skull on the table

HE MADE A STARTLING ANNOUNCEMENT.

used for a tobacco box, then went to Dr. Strecker and told him about the applicant.

"Telephone for some one at an insane asylum," said Strecker, "to come and take her in."

"On the contrary, I have a mind to try an experiment. What do you say to pretending to give her a new brain with a view to discovering what effect we can produce."

"I'm with you. If that isn't original research I don't know what is."

The two young men returned to the girl and questioned her. That her mind was unbalanced was evident. Hers was a case of stepmother. The woman who had filled the gap made by her mother's loss was evidently a devil in human form.

Dr. Harth took the girl, who gave her name as Isabel Hathaway, to his mother's house and told her of the experiment he was about to try. "This," he said to the patient, "is a private hospital where I bring persons on whom I propose to operate. You will have every attention and comfort here up to the time I operate and until you recover from the 'operation.'"

"Is it very painful, doctor?" asked the girl.

"No pain whatever, but you must take ether."

"What kind of a brain do you propose to give me and whose brain will it be? I have read in the newspapers that you put in parts of other persons."

"The brain I propose to give you is one of a young girl we have in our cold storage vaults. If ever there was a saint she was one. So pure was she that when she was traduced she prayed for those who despitefully used her."

"And I will be that?"

"Certainly."

The doctor took the poor girl right into his heart. She also enlisted the sympathy of his mother and sisters, who were very proud of the son and brother's scientific attainments and were ready to assist him in effecting a restoration of his patient's sanity in every way in their power. Isabel Hathaway was or at least appeared to be perfectly harmless, so that they did not even do what Mrs. Harth at first proposed, secure the services of an attendant skilled in cases of mental disorder. The doctor watched her carefully and told her that he must bring her general health up to a certain point where she would be able to stand the operation. He gave her no drugs, but insisted that she should take the air every day in walks or drives, at which time she was attended by some one of the family with which she was domiciled. As to the drives, the doctor usually took her out in his auto after his day's work was done. In this way everything was done to divert her mind from what she had suffered and fix it upon pleasant subjects.

The young scientist hoped that a pretended operation would not be necessary, but though her bodily health was good her brain remained unbalanced. So he determined to try the effect of his "dose of imagination," as he called it. Being averse to keeping his patient's mind on the anticipation of undergoing so serious a process, he said nothing about it until one morning, having driven her and his mother to his laboratory, he made a startling announcement. He told her that he had brought her there for the purpose of giving her a new brain.

One of his experimental stands had been cleared for an operating table, and Dr. Strecker posed for an assistant. Both put on the aprons used in surgical operations, but that the preparations should not keep her in awe lost no time in placing the patient on the table and giving her an anaesthetic.

All that was needed was to render her unconscious for a few minutes, during which a bowl was brought out with a calf's liver in it, which looked enough like a human brain to deceive one just recovering from the effects of ether, and when the patient had fully regained her faculties it was placed on a stand beside her so that she could not fail to see it. Mrs. Harth raised her and held her in her arms, while the doctors stood by congratulating each other on the success of the operation for the patient's benefit.

"Do you feel different from what you did?" asked Dr. Harth.

"I don't know that I do."

"Well, you won't," pursued the doctor, taking a back track. The brain has nothing to do with the feelings; that is the province of the nerves. It's your disposition that is changed. I can see it in the expression of your face."

"How do I look?"

"Lovely."

The patient blushed.

Here Dr. Strecker, who had noticed that his colleague and the patient were mutually attracted, told the latter that she had been given a new heart as well as brain. Not that the former organ had been replaced as well as the latter—he meant it in a sentimental sense. Harth frowned, for any one not incurably insane could have seen through his remark.

The operation having been finished, the patient was taken home, and Dr. Strecker was invited to go with the party and partake of luncheon. All congratulated the girl on having been made over from a very faulty person to one of an amiable disposition, and all told her that she showed the change perceptibly. She naturally shared in these rejoicings at her supposed recovery, and in truth the melancholy look she had so long worn was lifted.

For some time the experimenter, as well as his mother and sisters, who had no confidence in a cure being effected by the pretended operation, devoted himself to the patient, surrounding her with everything calculated to banish melancholy. She was never left by herself and was not permitted to brood. The moment she showed signs of relapsing into an abnormal mental state something lively was started to drive it away. And the efforts seemed to be rewarded, for as time passed she showed signs of marked improvement.

Meanwhile Dr. Harth had called on her father, had told him of her appearance at his laboratory and of his experimental attempt to restore her to health. She had left her home without the knowledge of any one in it, and Harth's news of her was the first her father received. He gladly assented to the doctor's keeping her under his care and offered to bear all expenses, though on this point the doctor declared that the girl was loaned to him for purposes of original research and he should be the payer.

One morning Miss Hathaway woke up to find herself conscious of new conditions. She did not know how she came to be where she was, but remembered what had taken place since she had been there. She remembered having had her brain replaced by a new one and was a good deal confused on that matter, not quite understanding what it meant, for now that she was in her right mind she realized the absurdity of such a process. One thing of which she was thoroughly conscious—Dr. Strecker was right in saying that she had been given a new heart, or, rather, she had given the old one to Dr. Harth.

There was great rejoicing when the discovery was made that Miss Hathaway had recovered her mental balance. Her family were at once notified, and Harth made haste to the laboratory, where he found Strecker, to whom he told the good news, adding, "I regard the success of my experiment the greatest demonstration of mind over matter that has ever been made."

"Nonsense," replied his colleague; "it is a demonstration of the power of kindness to do away with the effects of barbarous treatment. And above all it is a demonstration of the fact that we bachelor doctors are very much exposed to the shafts of Cupid."

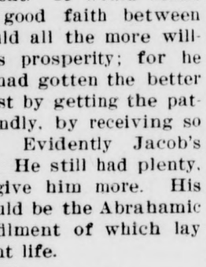
BROOKLYN TABERNACLE
BIBLE STUDY ON

MAKING FRIENDS WITH MAMMON.

Genesis 33:1-15—April 20.

"Be ye kind one to another, tender-hearted, forgiving each other, even as God also in Christ forgave you."—Ephesians 4:32. R. V.

IN a previous lesson we saw that Jacob left his earthly inheritance to Esau, claiming only the great Abrahamic Promise. That Promise was in respect to the future, and was purely of faith. All Jacob's course in life was governed by that Promise. If the Seed of Blessing was to come through him, then he must have children. Hence he married and reared a goodly family, regarding them as identified with himself in the Promise. His accumulation of flocks and herds was along the same line.



"Jacob Prayed."

About twenty years after Jacob had left home, he returned, under the Lord's guidance, with his flocks, herds and servants, to the land of his father. Naturally, he felt a timidity respecting Esau, and prayed to the Lord upon the subject, reminding Him of the Promise, in which he trusted. Then he sent word to Esau that he was coming. Next he prepared a gift of considerable value for those times—sheep, goats, camels, cattle and asses.

This gift represented long years of toil on Jacob's part. These earthly things, however, Jacob valued as nothing compared with the great Abrahamic Covenant. He could give this goodly portion of earthly mammon to purchase Esau's good will, although he was under no obligations to his brother. He had purchased the first-born's portion, which included the major portion of Isaac's worldly riches. Jacob had left these in Esau's hands. The latter might suspect that Jacob was coming to claim his inheritance.

Had Jacob laid no claim to the estate, Esau would have judged him according to his own standards, and mistrusted that at an opportune moment Jacob would attack him. Thus a feud would have been established between the two families. This would have interfered with Jacob's hopes in connection with the Covenant.

Jacob insisted upon Esau's acceptance of the present. It would stand as a pledge of good faith between them. Esau would all the more willingly see Jacob's prosperity; for he realized that he had gotten the better of his brother, first by getting the patrimony, and secondly, by receiving so rich a present. Evidently Jacob's course was wise. He still had plenty, and God could give him more. His chief concern would be the Abrahamic Promise, the fulfilment of which lay beyond the present life.

The Lesson of Generosity.

One lesson which we as Christians may draw from Jacob's course is that of generosity toward the world—those who have no interest in Heavenly promises. As Jacob was willing to set aside all earthly rights and privileges in favor of the Abrahamic Promise, so the Spiritual Heirs should do likewise.

As Jacob left his father's house, leaving all to his brother without contention, trusting only to the Heavenly Promise, so must we Spiritual Israelites forsake all earthly hopes, to obtain joint-heirship with Christ in the Messianic Kingdom. As Jacob gladly gave presents to Esau for the sake of peace in carrying out God's arrangements under this Promise, so we as Christians should willingly give to our partners in life, our neighbors, friends and brethren, the larger share of earth's good things, if thereby we may forward the Lord's Cause in connection with the Abrahamic Promise, in which we trust.

Mankind have their hearts set upon earthly good things—they know nothing higher. Christians, on the contrary, appreciate Heavenly things, esteeming earthly things as unworthy of comparison. We, like St. Paul, esteem all earthly things but loss and dross that we may win Christ—that we may win joint-heirship with Jesus in the great blessing of God by becoming members of the Spiritual Seed of Abraham, that we may participate in the glorious work of blessing all the families of the earth.

Finally, Our Golden Text.

Our Golden Text seems at first not closely related to the lesson. Nevertheless, there is a relationship. It is this: Whoever cultivates the spirit of generosity and benevolence toward others in the interests of the Lord's Cause will thereby make character. Generosity in dealing with our enemies and with the world will gradually make us more generous with all—especially with the Lord's family, to which our text refers.

"In the School of Christ."

The Church of this Gospel Age is in the School of Christ, to be prepared for Divine service, in association with the Redeemer in His Messianic Reign. The lessons in this School are the graces of the Spirit. To whatever extent we attain these graces, to that extent we shall be prepared for a place in the Kingdom.

IN THE WORLD OF SPORT

Abel Kiviat a Wonderful Runner.

Photo by American Press Association.

All hats off to Abe Kiviat. He is one of the greatest all around runners in this country, if not the greatest, and this will not be doubted if his performances over the board track this winter are to be followed up with such achievements next summer. The bow legged Irish American A. C. athlete is a marvel. His victories in the 1,000 yard and 600 yard runs in New York recently were marvelous performances.

The best of it is that Kiviat is young, likes to run and does not fear any one and in his greatest races has generally nosed out his opponents. He is one of the best racers in the world and a fine athlete to have a little bet on any time he starts. Kiviat's record of 2 minutes 15 4-5 seconds for 1,000 yards and 1 minute 15 1-5 seconds for 600 yards in one night, beating such remarkable athletes as Meredith and Halpin, is the work of a true champion.

Ben Brush Sold For $10,000.

Johnson N. Camden has purchased the thoroughbred stallion Ben Brush from the estate of James R. Keene for $10,000. Ben Brush is a son of Bramble and Roseville, by Reform, and during his racing career was one of the successful performers on the American turf. He started forty times, won twenty-five races and was five times second and five times third.

As a sire he was even a greater success, and in 1909 his produce put his name at the head of the winning list with a total of $75,473 won by them in stakes and purses. Among the notable performers of whom he is the sire are Broomstick, Delhi, Sweep, Besom, Gretna Green, Megg's Hill, Trance, Wedding Bells Lady Amelia and several other good ones.

Hebner Improves With Age.

Harry Hebner, the Olympic back stroke champion, seems to improve with age. The Illinois Athletic club representative showed by his great feat in New York recently when he swam fifty yards in thirty seconds that he is in a class by himself. Hebner has been in active competition for six years, having been a member of the 1908 Olympic team also, despite the fact that he is now only twenty-one years of age. He is one of the few natural swimmers in the country, seeming to make no exertion whatever while propelling himself through the water.

Wickham Swimming Champion.

W. Longworth, the holder of the Australian 100 yard swimming record of 54 4-5 seconds, was beaten at Melbourne Feb. 23 in the 100 yard Australian championship by A. Wickham, who won the title back in 1904. Wickham is the Australian record holder at fifty, seventy-five and eighty yards.

Americans Will Compete at Rome.

Athletes from this country will compete in the international games of the Federation of Catholic Gymnastic Societies, which will be held in Rome next September. It is expected that more than 5,000 contestants from all parts of the world will take part.

Hoppe to Play Cassignol.

Willie Hoppe plans to sail for Paris the latter part of March to engage in an international match with Firmin Cassignol, one of the most expert players in France. Cassignol was a pupil of Frank C. Ives and played in this country in 1909.

Dartmouth Gym Well Equipped.

Dartmouth university's big gymnasium includes a cinder track six and one-half laps to the mile and a 100 yard straightaway. They were both used in a recent interscholastic set of games.

An American Catch

It Turned Out Better Than It First Appeared

By MARTHA B. EDWARDS

"My dear," said Lady Edgerton to her daughter Gladys, "I have something of importance to say to you. We are going to America by the next steamer."

"Why, mamma!"

"I have come to a sudden resolution. Our most eligible men in England are being largely absorbed by American heiresses. Now, it has occurred to me, why not our most eligible young ladies absorb American heirs? You know that everything here is entailed and your brother will get it all with the title. I am told that America is full of young men of wealth. It is rare, if ever, an English girl enters that matrimonial market, and American men seldom come here for wives."

"My dear mother, you quite take away my breath."

"There are many immense fortunes there—you may catch one of them—and any quantity of estates worth, say, $10,000,000. If you get but $1,000,000 you may keep up your position here."

"But suppose my husband won't come here to live?"

"There's always divorce with alimony."

"Thank you, mamma. I don't care to marry with that in view."

"But, my dear, the young men who have inherited these fortunes have nothing to do. Naturally they are ambitious to rise in the social scale. Perhaps your husband may prefer to be son-in-law to an earl here rather than an ordinary man in America."

"If he did I wouldn't want him."

"You are incorrigible."

"Mamma, I will go to America with you. I have long wished to see that country which our statesmen—or imbeciles, rather—lost to us when the colonists were in their babyhood by trying to make them pay for our wars, not recognizing that within little more

LADY GLADYS ASKED A GREAT MANY QUESTIONS.

than a century they would outgrow their parent and we would have an interest in these millions now being heaping up. I mean a legitimate interest, not that our young aristocrats would be reduced to marrying the daughters of persons they socially look down upon."

"Oh, Gladys; I know nothing about history! I only know that you must marry, and marry a fortune."

"I have no objection to marrying an American—if an American wants me. Say no more, mamma. I am delighted at the prospect of the trip. They say that New York doesn't look like London at all; that London is old fashioned beside the tall buildings and wonderful engineering feats of New York."

Lady Gladys was a thorn in her mother's side. The girl had been graduated with honor at the Englishwoman's college, Girton, and was interested in the world's ongoing rather than the more narrow view of keeping her place among the British aristocracy. When the liner in which she came steamed into New York harbor everything about her looked large in comparison with what she had been accustomed to. The bay was broad, and the statue of Liberty loomed up impressively. To her right stretched the long suspension bridge to Brooklyn, with more of its kind farther away. To the left was the broad Hudson, while between the two towered the skyscrapers.

Lady Edgerton had provided herself with introductions to the creme de la creme of New York society, and it was her plan to spend all her time with such people, while her daughter received the attentions of the young men of fortune. But Lady Gladys was captivated by the great growing city. She saw what in London would be regarded as splendid buildings being pulled down to make room for towering structures; railway stations being erected, each a city in itself; tunnels far down under the Hudson—indeed, every variety of growth which rapidly as it rose did not rise fast enough for the growing population.

Instead of being interested in the dinners that were given her and her mother Gladys spent her time visiting objects of interest. Unfortunately for her mother's plan she could not control her daughter, who seemed to be infatuated with America. Everything was on so large and magnificent a scale. In comparison what she had been accustomed to seemed dwarfed. The people in England, though more enterprising than those on the continent of Europe, appeared slow going and old fashioned. It seemed to her that in America had been stored centuries of European wasted energy. There were no curious relics of a dead past—the fine arts were as nothing—but everything else was immense, magnificent and moving onward with the power and rapidity of a huge planet through space.

One day a party of which Lady Gladys was a part alighted from a carriage at the entrance to a manufacturing establishment covering nearly a hundred acres with a view to inspecting it. They were shown through each department by its foreman. The dress of these persons depended upon the work done in their charge. Some were in business costume, some in overalls. In one of them, a foundry, they were turned over to a young man whose refined appearance contrasted with his grimy overalls. He was very attentive, explaining all the manufacturing devices so clearly that they were easily understood. Lady Gladys asked a great many questions involving explanations above those ordinarily given. The young man was much pleased with the intelligence she evinced in her questions and was surprised that she had such a knowledge of mechanics as admitted of her asking them. The two parted with a newborn interest in each other.

Not long after this visit Lady Edgerton and her daughter were invited to dine with a lady who apologized for one of the guests they were to meet, a young man who was not known in society. "He has," said the hostess, "some hold on my husband and has asked for an invitation to meet you and your daughter. But your acquaintance need only be for the evening." In repeating this to her daughter Lady Edgerton also transmitted the intelligence that the hostess had felt obliged to invite a man to meet them for whom she did not care to vouch. Lady Gladys noted the information and said she would act upon it.

When the dinner came off and the guests met in the drawing room Gladys recognized in one of them, resplendent in evening dress, the man in overalls who had shown her through the foundry. She started, but when the young man, though somewhat embarrassed, greeted her with a pleasant smile she recovered herself and returned it. He was introduced as Mr. Morlock and was assigned to take the scion of British aristocracy to dinner. Seated side by side, the two at once fell into animated conversation.

"Where did you learn so much about mechanics?" he asked.

"I have always fancied that line," replied Lady Gladys, "and when at Girton took a special course in it. I presume you learned it in a better way than theoretically—that is, practically."

"I first learned it theoretically, with some practice thrown in."

"How?"

"At the — Polytechnic institute."

The girl looked surprised. But American ways were new to her, and she was ready to hear almost anything. Still, this case puzzled her. She had met him as foreman in a foundry. She had been told that he was not one of the elite in society. He had sufficient influence to demand an invitation to meet her, and, lastly, he was a graduate of one of the first scientific institutions in the country. What did it mean?

The lady was too well bred to interrogate her dinner companion as to his social status and contented herself with conversation, which she found not only entertaining, but charming. After dinner she found an opportunity to speak with the hostess, who told her something about the young man. All the information vouchsafed was this: In America, or, rather, New York, a position in what is called society can only be attained by an effort, or, in the case of bachelors, by certain services to hostesses. Mr. Morlock had no time for the former and no taste for the latter. Consequently he had no social status in New York society.

Lady Gladys could understand mechanics, but the elements of the social structure of New York were too much for her, and she did not pursue the subject. From the time of her meeting with Mr. Morlock her mother noticed that she seemed indisposed to encourage the other young men she met—the cotillion leaders, the clubmen, the diners out—even though they owned skyscrapers or their safes were stuffed with securities.

When Lady Edgerton had finished her incursion, with a view to securing a husband for her daughter, she found in her net but one fish, Mr. Morlock. But he was considered in America an excellent catch. He had applied practically his scientific education and was about to step into a position of $10,000 a year. Yet this was a mere beginning with him. He soon became a leader in his line and one of the iron kings of the country.

In time he went to England and married Lady Gladys Edgerton. But she knew well that he would not remain there, and she was content to live in America, one of the very few women of the British aristocracy to marry an American commoner and become a resident of the United States.

Points for Mothers

The Kindergarten Child.

After the child has passed his third year and enters the kindergarten period the mother often relaxes her care in regulating his diet, allowing him to eat when and what he pleases—in fact, this is often done long before the period of infancy is past, thus cultivating a perverted taste for food detrimental to his health and mental development, says Emily Riesenberg. Mothers often say they have no time to cook extras for the children, but will spend weary hours sewing or laundering useless frills for them while their darlings are either under or over fed. A good way for the mother who does her own work is to give the children their main meal at noon, when she can devote more time to its preparation; then while cooking the evening dinner she can set a little table in the kitchen, giving them an early supper, and if she is at all clever she will make them consider this a privilege rather than a deprivation.

Never begin the habit of warming their milk with tea or coffee. The milk is easily warmed by placing the pitcher in a pan of hot water, and should the child tire of drinking milk from a cup a cute little mug with some sippets or straws, used when serving lemonade, will prove an inducement. Clear broth or gruel can also be served in this way, as it is easier than handling a spoon or cup. As the child of this period needs food at frequent intervals a little luncheon should be given between the regular meals, and when attending kindergarten this may be put up in a small basket. Be sure to wrap the food in waxed paper and inclose a paper napkin to wipe the child's mouth and hands. For the small child at home a little bread and milk, with a lump of sugar to satisfy the natural craving for sweets, or bread and butter with a sprinkling of sugar is sufficient, and when packing a kindergarten lunch remember to give just enough to break his fast, but not enough to impair a healthy appetite for the noon dinner.

Beauty In Children.

It depends largely on the parents whether a plain child or even a beautiful one grows up good looking. Among other matters that spoil beauty, an authority points out that, quite apart from their color, bad teeth can quite destroy the distinctive expression of the face. "Only lately have we come to realize how large a part the state of the teeth play in our personal appearance.

"Plenty of foolish people who would consult a dentist for decay in a front tooth will be quite indifferent to the destruction of their molars.

"Parents are constantly guilty in this respect, and so are young girls who are really deeply interested in their personal appearance and are perhaps not above applying to their faces a kind of beauty which is not even skin deep.

"Yet what happens if we lose our back teeth in early life?

"The chewing must be done somehow, and so the front teeth are called upon to do it.

"They were made for biting into things, but not for chewing, and when we ask them to perform the mastication which should have devolved upon our lost grinders they are liable to lose their perpendicularity and begin to protrude.

"It is very nearly all up with beauty now. No one likes projecting teeth, and no one should, for they are morbid and an indication that something has gone wrong somewhere.

"Not only are they ugly in themselves, but they are liable to make it difficult to keep the lips closed, and the open mouth through which projecting teeth appear is an aesthetic disaster.

"Yet if the possessor had not been so foolish as to think that back teeth, which are not seen, do not matter, it might have been averted."

The New Portable Crib.

Quite the latest thing in babyland is a crib designed and made for use out of doors, to wheel from room to room and especially constructed for easy transportation.

The crib is made of white enameled wood, with foot and head board of fine steel wire netting, covered on the inside with a metal finish to prevent the baby from hurting his hands on any rough edges. The crib rests on four wheels, which enable it to be moved very easily. Its wire spring and its floss mattress may be raised to three different heights by means of screw eyes.

A mosquito netting is adjusted at one end and shaped so that it can be pulled over the ends of the bed and made quite secure. This netting, together with the wire sides, which allow the air to circulate around the crib, makes it ideal for use under the trees or anywhere out of doors. No insects or bugs can annoy the sleeping baby.

The entire crib comes apart and with wire spring and mattress can be placed in a large canvas bag, which comes with it. Pockets in the bag are made for the wheels, so that they cannot soil the mattress. In this manner the crib can be sent from place to place, and this easy way of packing will be found a wonderful convenience, as often hotels do not supply babies' cribs.

HUMOROUS QUIPS.

Revenge.

She was the flirtiest girl in town and the most attractive. Her female enemies said that she painted and powdered, but this may have been mere jealousy. If she did, she used rare judgment. Her complexion drove young men wild.

One night, two weeks ago, she attended a dance. After waltzing with her partner she twostepped with another man. The third dance she "sat out" with a nice looking chap. A few minutes later he returned alone to the floor with an embittered look on his face. She sat out another dance in the conservatory with another handsome man. He also left, his usually handsome features convulsed as with hatred for a whole world of girls. She chose a third cavalier, disappeared into the dimness of the library and sent him back pale and shaken.

Vampire! What had she done to these men?

The answer came on the day after. This girl had angered her kid brother, and to get even he had put quinine in her face powder. — Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Not Fatal.

With scarlet fever talk in every neighborhood the mothers of Newark are doing a large amount of worrying these days. A Clifton avenue woman came home from shopping last Monday to find her little daughter complaining of a headache.

"Let me look in your throat," she said to the child.

One glance sent her rushing to the telephone.

"We need you right away," she told the doctor. "Jane's throat is the most horrible red I ever saw."

Then she went back in time to see the little girl slip something quickly into her mouth.

"What are you eating?" the mother demanded.

"Cinnamon drops," said Jane.—Newark News.

Another Make of Car.

Frank Harris, the English litterateur, was talking in New York about the rich. "The rich," he said, "are incredibly ignorant of art. Lunching at the Berkeley in Piccadilly, I said to a millionaire beside me:

"'That ass of a Jones has gone and bought another Rembrandt.'

"'How absurd' said the millionaire. 'Why, he's already got four limousines, eighteen touring cars and enough landaulets and roadsters to set up a taxicab company.'"—Detroit Free Press.

Prophetic Retort.

The governor of Virginia at a time when Washington as a mere youth ventured to remonstrate against the injustice of a certain decree turned fiercely upon the young man and inquired:

"And who the dickens are you, sir?"

With a cold but courteous bow the young Virginian, drawing himself up to his proud height, frigidly replied:

"Nobody in particular just now, but for the future, sir, somebody in general."—Judge.

Wings.

The Little Girl (a stranger)—My papa is an airynut. Your little boy says his is an airynut too. Please, is he?

Bobby's Sister (gently)—No, dear; his papa is an angel.

Bobby (triumphantly)—There, didn't I tell you he was a flying man?—Sphere.

The Obvious Way.

"My son writes me that he has got into the swim."

"He is at a fashionable watering place, isn't he?"

"Yes."

"I thought so. Anybody can get in it there."—New York Mail.

Good For the Plants.

Real Estate Agent—Wasn't your bathroom above the parlor when you took this house?

Tenant—It was, sir, but you refused to have it repaired, so in order to save my furniture I had to put it over the conservatory.—Life.

Wants the Sample.

"Has an insect got into your eye? Then I shall quickly call the old professor."

"Is he especially expert?"

"Not so much that, but he is making a collection of insects."—Meggendorfer Blatter.

Waiting Orders.

Mrs. Goodsole—What does your husband think of these militant suffragists?

Mrs. Vick-Senn—He doesn't know what he thinks. I haven't told him yet.—Chicago Tribune.

Man of His Word.

Doctor—Why don't you settle your bill? You said when I was treating you that you could never repay me for my efforts.

Hardupp—I meant it, doctor.—Boston Herald.

Excuse Offered.

"John, you never listen to half the things I say to you," she complained.

"Well, dear," he replied, "I have to work part of the time."—Chicago Record-Herald.

The Currency Problem.

"It will require eighteen months to get the new one dollar treasury note into circulation."

"Not after my wife gets it."—Houston Post.

THAT THE

Vista Grande Bakery and Grocery is the place where you get the best bread, the finest cakes, the choicest of groceries for the most reasonable prices

Also handle chicks, chicken feed, kindling and coal, etc.

Vista Grande Grocery & Bakery

A. VOGLER

Patronize Advertisers

BANK OF ITALY

Member

The San Francisco Clearing House Association

Asociated Savings Banks of San Francisco

Capital Fully Paid	$1,000,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	250,000.00
Resources Over	11,000,00.000

SAN MATEO COUNTY BRANCH

Formerly

SAN MATEO BANK

Cor. B St. and Third Ave. San Mateo

A general Banking, Exchange, Loan an Collection Business transacted. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. Interest at current rates paid on Savings and Time Deposits. Safety Deposits Boxes to rent at $1.00 per year.

One Hundred Miles of Scenic Splendor

WESTERN PACIFIC

FEATHER RIVER ROUTE

THROUGH DAILY SERVICE

Between

San Francisco, Oakland,

Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago

Via

Salt Lake City, Denver,

Pueblo and Omaha

Standard and Tourist Sleepers. Electric Lights, Electric Fans, Steam Heat. Observation Cars.

WESTERN PACIFIC-RIO GRANDE

A WORLD'S WONDERWAY

For further information apply to any Western Pacific agent or

TICKET OFFICES

665 Market Street—Palace Hotel—Phone Sutter 1651

Market Street Ferry Depot—Phone Kearny 4980

1326 Broadway, Oakland—Phone Oakland 132

Choice Residential Lots

From 1 to 60 acres of rolling land. Restrictions on purchases—no hog pens, dairies or other objectionable buildings allowed. Three miles from San Mateo. Talk to us about it.

SAN MATEO INDEX

MR. HENRY PECK AND HIS FAMILY AFFAIRS - - By Gross

REALTY TRANSFERS

M E Glucksman to H L Haaker, lot 24, blk 118 South San Francisco.

Ira M Cobe et al to Edw. J Stanley, lot 26, blk 9, Burlingame Terrace.

F P Brophy and wife to Chas. M Cary, lot 10, blk 8, Princeton.

Same to C H Brown, lot 16, blk 4, same map.

Ravenswood Investment Co. to B Corbet, 10 acres, Ravenswood.

John F McNamarn to Mary E Kehoe, lots 1, 2, blk 56a, Santa Ynez Park.

American Real Estate Co. to B Peirano, lot 2, blk 20, Visitacion.

Hensley Realty Co. et al to V Laguens, lots 40, 41, blk 2, San Bruno Park.

Otto J F Klung and wife to John Brooks and wife, lot 6, blk 19, Lomita Park.

H A Cohhins to C M Solari, lot 22, Valota Park.

W C Brown to Frank J Foran, lots 8, 9, blk 27, San Mateo.

A Freed to Pacific Motor Supply Co., lot 10, blk 12, Hillcrest.

Crocker Estate Co. to John J McGuinn, lot 38, blk 9, Crocker tract.

J A Boyd et al to Frank Cottenfield, lots 11, 12, blk, Sequoia tract.

Shore Line Investment Co, to K H Atherton, lot 2, blk 66, Granada.

Ravenswood Investment Co. to W W Sanderson, lots 8, 9, 13 to 17, blk 5, Ravenswood.

E D Swift to Mae L Conroy, lot 23, Mezes Ranch, near Belmont.

F Tani to P Callan et al, lots 1 to 4, blk 15, $75 Lot Homestead.

Jane Rodgers to M S Wilson, NE ¼ of NW ¼ sec. 25, township 7 S, R 4 W.

The San Mateo Land Assn to G D Watterson et al, lot 6, blk A, San Mateo Heigts.

H Schmidt et al to Sarah Croydon, lot, blk 23, Granada.

C. B. Smith et al to J M McNames, lots 17, 18, blk 68, Moss Beach.

R H Smith to Paul Gerhart, lot 50 and NW ½ lot 51, blk 2, Huntington Park.

Josephine A Phelps to San Carlos Park Syndicate, lot 7, blk 12, San Carlos Tract 2, with exceptions.

G A Whitehead and wife to G M Hawkes, lot 1, blk 33, Easton Addition.

Mary E B Poket to Anna Poket, lot 27, blk 1, Vista Grande.

J L Beasley and wife to Geo. A. Kreiss and wife, lot 11, blk 32, Eastern Addition, Redwood.

G A Kreiss and wife to J L Beasley and wife, portion lots 5, 6, blk 9, range B, Redwood.

Glucksman Levy Realty Co. to C A Kenny, portion blk 5, Concordia Land Company.

L A Morris to J M Pacheco, lots 27, 28, blk 8, University Heights.

Shore Line Investment Co. to H B Norton, lot 15, blk 81, Granada.

Ocean Shore Land Co. to J Hettler et al, lot 31, blk 32, Salada Beach.

Crocker Estate Co. to L A Giacobbi, lot 34, blk 9, Crocker tract.

Oaks Co. to H Gutstadt, lots 6, 7, 10, blk 57, Dumbarton.

C B Smith et al to W C Deering, lots 3, 4, blk 62, Moss Beach.

W I Smith to Fred R Pierlhop, lot 17, blk 12, Burlingame Park.

F L Whitton to J I Witners, lot 11, blk 29, Visitacion.

Same to L B Phillips, lot 12, blk 29, same map.

Wisnom Co. to J W Decker, lot 2, Wisnom Sub San Mateo.

Hensley-Green Co. to Jas. J Reilly, lots 15, 16, blk 29, San Bruno Park.

Ira M Cobe and wife to P J Connolly, lots A, B, blk 10, Burlingame Terrace.

Anglo-Cal. Trust Co. to Jas. D Lee and wife, lot 5, blk 1°, Hillcrest.

Same to H J Desmond and wife, lot 6, blk 19, same map.

Kiichi Higuchi to Nobuo Higaki et al, lot 11, Valota Park.

Biggio's

FIRST-CLASS RESTAURANT

500 MISSION STREET—Cor. Merced Ave.,

DALY CITY, CAL. Phone Mission 9194

Biggio's

TAXES 1912-13

OFFICE OF TAX COLLECTOR,
County of San Mateo.
Redwood City, March 1st, 1913.

Notice is hereby given that the SECOND INSTALLMENT of taxes for the year 1912-13 are now due and payable at my office in the County Court House, at Redwood City, Cal., daily, Sundays and Legal Holidays excepted, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 5 o'clock P. M., to and including Monday, April 28th, 1913, at 6 o'clock P. M., when 5 per cent will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid.

A. McSWEENEY,
Tax Collector of San Mateo County.
apr 28

ASSESSOR'S INSTRUCTIONS

To Owners of Real Estate and Personal Property.

The law requires each and every person who owns any class of property to annually, during the months of March, April or May, file a statement with the Assessor or his deputy in the county where his property is located. You should give a statement of all property owned by you on the first Monday in March at 12 o'clock m.

No change can be made by the Assessor after he turns over his books to the Board of Supervisors on the first Monday in July. The Board then sits as a Board of Equalization during the month of July.

Remember, if you fail to give in your assessment you fail to comply with the law and may canse yourself, the Assessor and Tax Collector much trouble, and very likely cause yourself expense. It is much more satisfactory to the Assessor, as well as to yourself, to have your assessment correct when you go to pay youf taxes.

C. D. HAYWARD,
Assessor of San Mateo County.

BANK OF ITALY

Member
The San Francisco Clearing House Association
Asociated Savings Banks of San Francisco

Capital Fully Paid . . $1,000,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits . 250,000.00
Resources Over . . . 11,000,00.000

SAN MATEO COUNTY BRANCH

Formerly
SAN MATEO BANK
Cor. B St. and Third Ave. San Mateo

A general Banking, Exchange, Loan an Collection Business transacted. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. Interest at current rates paid on Savings and Time Deposits. Safety Deposits Boxes to rent at $1.00 per year.

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS QUICKLY DONE

NEWS ITEMS ARE ALWAYS WELCOME

Patronize Advertisers

Patronize Advertisers

State and San Mateo Co. Game Laws.

Ducks—October 15th to March 1st, 25 per day. 50 per week.

Quail—October 15th to Feb. 15th, 20 per day.

Doves—Aug. 1st to Oct. 15th, 50 per day.

Deer (buck only)—July 1st to Sept. 1st, 2 in season.

Rabbits—July 31st to Feb. 1st, 15 per day.

Rail—Nov. 1st to Dec. 1st, 12 per day.

Tree Squirrels—No open season.

Trout—Hook and line only, 50 per day not over 10 lbs snd 1 fish, Apr. 1st to Nov. 1st.

Steelhead Trout—50 per day, Hook and line only above tide water, April 1st to Nov. 1st. Hook and line in tide water no closed season.

Crabs (no female)—Nov. 1st to March 1st, none less than 7 inches across back.

Mub Clame—having in posession more 150 per day.

Eel—8 per day and must be 12 inches long. No closed season.

Pismo Clams—200 in one day, must be 13 inches by longest circumlerence.

Salmon—Nets in tidewater, hook and line in and above tidewater. Sept. 17th to Oct. 23. One fish only per day above tidewater, with hook and line, Oct. 23rd to Nov. 15th.

Abalone (for food only) 15 per day, July 1st to March 1st—to take, or have in possession at any time, Red Abalone less than 17 inches, Green Abalone less than 16 inches, Pink Abalone less than 14 inches, or Black Abalone less than 12 inches in circumference. Must be brought to shore alive and in shell.

It Is Always Unlawful

To hunt birds or animals without having secured a hunting license.

To shoot between one-half hour after sunset ane one-half hour before sunrise.

To take or kill any Wild Pheasants, Swan, Bob-white Quail, or any imported Quail, Partridge or Wild Turkey.

To kill Robins, Larks, except by owner or tenant of premises, where found destroying crops.

To fish for any Trout between one hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise.

Finished in Three Weeks

A carload of material for the Marine View Hotel was received this week. Most of the material consisted of the plumbing fixtures which C. F. Meyers is to install in the building. Mr. Dan Kennedy, the general contractor, states that this building will be completed in about three weeks.

The Ocean Shore Development Co. is open to receive offers for the leasing of this building for three years. This is a good opportunity for people who understand the hotel business, and the Company would be glad to give all the information to any parties interested. Figures have been taken to put in a warm air heating system for the hotel, making the building warm and comfortable at all times.

To Build Good Street

Now that the bonds to build the boulevard have been favorably passed, the owners of the Civic Center tract, of Moss Beach and Marine View will proceed at once to have the grading done on all their streets. Mr. G. W. Baker of Farallone has the contract for this work. Having the streets open between Moss Beach and Marine View on both sides of the railroad will be a great convenience to all residents in this townsite, as it will shorten the driving distance from Moss Beach to Marine View a quarter of a mile.

BUILDING TRADES COUNCIL

President—J. H. Flynn.
Vice President—David Walker.
Rec. Secty.—H. F. Beckner.
Fin. Secty.-Treas.—Frank Davison.
Bus. Agt.—A. S. Brown.
Meets every Thurs. Eve. ta 8.

Biggio's

[Advertisement]

OPPOSED TO UNIONISM

Union men and their friends do not patronize the following:

Campbell, electrician, Burlingame

R La Rue, plumbing contractor, San Bruno.

Geo Beals, plasterer, San Mateo.

Zwick, building contractor, Burlingame.

L P Morberg, building contractor, Burlingame.

Bradwick, contractor, Burlingame.

John Vickerson, building contractor, Burlingame.

Hanks, contractor, San Bruno.

Fulton, building contractor, Burlingame.

John Lee, building contractor, San Mateo.

Rix, brick contractor, San Bruno.

J H Rockingham, building contractor, Burlingame.

King, Sign Painter, Belmont.

McMahon, electrical contractor, Burlingame.

Madden, plumber, Burlingame.

Union men please take notice

BUILDING TRADES COUNCIL
OF SAN MATEO COUNTY

Geo. F. Young
Civil Engineer
HYDRAULICS, SURVEYING, MAPING
Daly City, Calif.
P.O. ADDRESS 621 BELLEVUE AVE.
STATION "L",
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF

Notice of Sheriff's Sale

By virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure issued out of the Superior Court of the County of San Mateo, State of California, and dated the 13th day of March, A. D. 1913, in an action in which the Plaintiff, Edwin R. Clute, on the 13th day of March, A. D. 1913, recovered judgment against Edgemar Realty Syndicate, (a corporation), Defendant, for $1,349.00 gold coin of the United States of America, and costs of suit, I have levied upon property described as follows, to-wit:

"Lots 3 in block 1, 16 in block 2, 16 block 11, 4 in block 12. 16 in block A, 16, 17, 38 and 45 in block B and 36 in block E, in the tract known as Edgemar, as shown and delineated on the Map of Edgemar, Subdivision No. 1," filed in the office of the County Recorder of said County of San Mateo, on the 11th day of September, A. D. 1907, in Book of Maps No. 5 at page 28.

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, the 14th day of April, A.D. 1913, at 12 o'clock M., in front of the Court House door in Redwood City, in the County of San Mateo, State of California, I will sell all the right, title, and interest of said Edgemar Realy Syndicate (a corporation) in and to the the above described property at public auction, for cash in gold coin of the United States, to the highest and best bidder, to satisfy said jndgment and all costs.

Dated at Redwood City, this 21st day of March, A. D. 1913.

J. H. MANSFIELD,
Sheriff of the County of San Mateo, Cal.

First publication in Daly City Record March 21, 1913.

Lumber
Windows
Doors
Frames
Tanks
Cement
Lime
Plaster

Pioneer Auto Delivery

Bth Tubs
Toilets
Lavatories
Nails
Paints-Oils
Glass
Sewer Pipe
Patent Chimneys

SPRING VALLEY LUMBER YARD

LUMBER
Mill Work, Hardware
And
Plumbing Material

Phones { Mission 253 / Mission 254

2401 San Jose Avenue